# eEF2K (m): 293 Lysate: sc-111269



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

The activity of the purified eukaryotic elongation-factor-2 kinase (eEF2K) is completely dependent on calcium and calmodulin, and autophosphorylation on serine and threonine residues is calcium/calmodulin-dependent. eEF2K is a ubiquitous protein kinase that phosphorylates and inactivates eEF2, and thus can modulate the rate of polypeptide chain elongation during translation. eEF2K is detected in skeletal muscle extracts and is phosphorylated rapidly by SAPK4, but poorly by p38, p38y, JNK or ERK 2. SAPK4 phosphorylates eEF2K at Ser 359 and Ser 396 *in vitro*, causing its inactivation. The phosphorylation of eEF2K at Ser 359 is also induced by Insulin-like growth factor-1. Ser 359 is in close proximity to Ser 366 and the Ser 366 residue also becomes phosphorylated in response to growth factors. eEF2K is phosphorylated by p70 S6 kinase at Ser 366 and this results in the inactivation of eEF2K, especially at low (micromolar) calcium concentrations.

## **REFERENCES**

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## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: Eef2k (mouse) mapping to 7 F2.

## **PRODUCT**

eEF2K (m): 293 Lysate represents a lysate of mouse eEF2K transfected 293 cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

# **APPLICATIONS**

eEF2K (m): 293 Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive eEF2K antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293 Lysate: sc-110760 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-tranfected 293 cells.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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