

BMP-8 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-112023

BACKGROUND

Bone morphogenic proteins (BMPs) are members of the TGF β superfamily. BMPs are involved in the induction of cartilage and bone formation. *In vivo* studies have shown that BMP-2 (also designated BMP-2A) and BMP-3 can independently induce cartilage formation. Smad3 association with the TGF β receptor complex and Smad1 translocation to the nucleus are observed after the addition of BMP-4 (also designated BMP-2B), suggesting that BMP-4 may play a role in activation of the Smad pathway. BMP-5, BMP-6 and BMP-7 all share high sequence homology with BMP-2, indicating that they each may be able to induce cartilage formation. BMP-8 is thought to be involved in early development as detectable expression has not been found in adult organs. Two BMP-8 proteins exist, namely BMP-8A and BMP-8B (also designated OP-2), and are encoded by two distinct genes.

REFERENCES

1. Wozney, J.M., et al. 1988. Novel regulators of bone formation: molecular clones and activities. *Science* 242: 1528-1534.
2. Massague, J. 1990. The transforming growth factor- β family. *Annu. Rev. Cell Biol.* 6: 597-641.
3. Celeste, A.J., et al. 1990. Identification of transforming growth factor β family members present in bone-inductive protein purified from bovine bone. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 87: 9843-9847.
4. Oskaynak, E., et al. 1992. Osteogenic protein-2. A new member of the transforming growth factor- β superfamily expressed early in embryogenesis. *J. Biol. Chem.* 267: 25220-25227.
5. Gitelman, S.E., et al. 1994. Recombinant Vgr-1/BMP-6-expressing tumors induce fibrosis and endochondral bone formation *in vivo*. *J. Cell Biol.* 126: 1595-1609.
6. Liu, F., et al. 1996. A human Mad protein acting as a BMP-regulated transcriptional activator. *Nature* 381: 620-623.
7. Zhang, Y., et al. 1996. Receptor-associated Mad homologues synergize as effectors of the TGF β response. *Nature* 383: 168-172.
8. McPherron, A.C., et al. 1997. Regulation of skeletal muscle mass in mice by a new TGF β superfamily member. *Nature* 387: 83-90.
9. van der Horst, G., et al. 2002. Differentiation of murine preosteoblastic KS483 cells depends on autocrine bone morphogenetic protein signaling during all phases of osteoblast formation. *Bone* 31: 661-669.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: BMP8A (human) mapping to 1p34.3, BMP8B (human) mapping to 1p34.2.

PRODUCT

BMP-8 (h): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human BMP-8 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 μ g protein in 200 μ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

BMP-8 (h): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive BMP-8 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 μ l per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.