# MTH1 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-112873



The Power to Question

# **BACKGROUND**

MTH1, also known as NUDT1 (nudix (nucleoside diphosphate linked moiety X)-type motif 1), is a 179 amino acid cytoplasmic protein that is a member of the nudix hydrolase family. Highly expressed in testis, thymus and proliferating blood lymphocytes, MTH1 functions as an antimutagenic that hydrolyzes oxidized purine nucleoside triphosphates to their corresponding monophosphates. Through its ability to enzymatically hydrolyze ATP and GTP to AMP and GMP, respectively, MTH1 prevents misincorporation of GTP into DNA, thus preventing A:T to C:G transversions. The cytoplasmic location of MTH1, along with its antimutagenic capabilities, suggests that it may also be involved in the sanitization of nucleotide pools for both mitochondrial and nuclear genomes. Four isoforms of MTH1 exist—three of which are formed due to alternative splicing events and one of which is formed via a single-nucleotide polymorphism. Overexpression of MTH1 is implicated in prostate and cell lung carcinomas.

# **REFERENCES**

- Furuichi, M., et al. 1994. Genomic structure and chromosome location of the human mutT homologue gene MTH1 encoding 8-oxo-dGTPase for prevention of A:T to C:G transversion. Genomics 24: 485-490.
- Takama, F., et al. 2000. Mutation analysis of the hMTH1 gene in sporadic human ovarian cancer. Int. J. Oncol. 17: 467-471.
- 3. Kennedy, C.H., et al. 2003. Expression of human MutT homologue (hMTH1) protein in primary non-small-cell lung carcinomas and histologically normal surrounding tissue. Free Radic. Biol. Med. 34: 1447-1457.
- Kajitani, K., et al. 2006. MTH1, an oxidized purine nucleoside triphosphatase, suppresses the accumulation of oxidative damage of nucleic acids in the hippocampal microglia during kainate-induced excitotoxicity.
  Neurosci. 26: 1688-1698.
- Sakai, Y., et al. 2006. The GT to GC single nucleotide polymorphism at the beginning of an alternative exon 2C of human MTH1 gene confers an amino-terminal extension that functions as a mitochondrial targeting signal. J. Mol. Med. 84: 660-670.
- Nakabeppu, Y., et al. 2006. MTH1, an oxidized purine nucleoside triphosphatase, prevents the cytotoxicity and neurotoxicity of oxidized purine nucleotides. DNA Repair 5: 761-772.
- 7. Hayakawa, H. and Sekiguchi, M. 2006. Human polynucleotide phosphorylase protein in response to oxidative stress. Biochemistry 45: 6749-6755.
- 8. Kohno, T., et al. 2006. Association of polymorphisms in the MTH1 gene with small cell lung carcinoma risk. Carcinogenesis 27: 2448-2454.
- 9. Kamiya, H., et al. 2006. Recognition of nucleotide analogs containing the 7,8-dihydro-8-oxo structure by the human MTH1 protein. J. Biochem. 140: 843-849.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: NUDT1 (human) mapping to 7p22.3.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PRODUCT**

MTH1 (h): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human MTH1 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100  $\mu$ g protein in 200  $\mu$ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

# **APPLICATIONS**

MTH1 (h): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive MTH1 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

# **STORAGE**

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com