# IRP-1 (h): 293 Lysate: sc-113248



The Power to Question

# **BACKGROUND**

Iron metabolism is essential for sustaining mammalian homeostasis. Iron uptake and distribution is a highly regulated process in mammalian cells that is monitored by two iron sensing proteins; iron regulatory protein-1 and -2 (IRP-1 and -2), also known as iron responsive element-binding protein-1 and -2 (IRE—BP-1 and -2) or aconitase 1 and 2. IRP-1 and IRP-2 are important soluble regulatory factors that mediate iron uptake and storage in mammalian cells. They are capable of either repressing translation or enhancing mRNA stability by associating with stem-loop motifs known as iron-responsive elements (IREs). IRPs respond to stress mediators, iron concentration and signaling factors, including nitrogen monoxide, cytokines and hydrogen peroxide.

#### **REFERENCES**

- Rouault, T.A., Tang, C.K., Kaptain, S., Burgess, W.H., Haile, D.J., Samaniego, F., McBride, O.W., Harford, J.B. and Klausner, R.D. 1990. Cloning of the cDNA encoding an RNA regulatory protein—the human iron-responsive elementbinding protein. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 87: 7958-7962.
- Kaptain, S., Downey, W.E., Tang, C., Philpott, C., Haile, D., Orloff, D.G., Harford, J.B., Rouault, T.A. and Klausner, R.D. 1991. A regulated RNA binding protein also possesses aconitase activity. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88: 10109-10113.
- 3. Hentze, M.W. and Argos, P. 1991. Homology between IRE-BP, a regulatory RNA-binding protein, aconitase, and isopropylmalate isomerase. Nucleic Acids Res. 19: 1739-1740.
- Hirling, H., Emery-Goodman, A., Thompson, N., Neupert, B., Seiser, C. and Kuhn, L.C. 1992. Expression of active iron regulatory factor from a full-length human cDNA by *in vitro* transcription/translation. Nucleic Acids Res. 20: 33-39.
- Rouault, T.A. and Klausner, R.D. 1996. The impact of oxidative stress on eukaryotic iron metabolism. EXS 77: 183-197.
- Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2008. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 100880. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
- 7. LocusLink Report (LocusID: 48). http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/LocusLink/

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: ACO1 (human) mapping to 9p21.1.

# **PRODUCT**

IRP-1 (h): 293 Lysate represents a lysate of human IRP-1 transfected 293 cells and is provided as 100  $\mu$ g protein in 200  $\mu$ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

# **STORAGE**

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

# **APPLICATIONS**

IRP-1 (h): 293 Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive IRP-1 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20  $\mu$ l per lane.

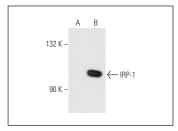
Control 293 Lysate: sc-110760 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293 cells.

IRP-1 (E-12): sc-166022 is recommended as a positive control antibody for Western Blot analysis of enhanced human IRP-1 expression in IRP-1 transfected 293 cells (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000).

# **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

#### DATA



IRP-1 (E-12): sc-166022. Western blot analysis of IRP-1 expression in non-transfected: sc-110760 (**A**) and human IRP-1 transfected: sc-113248 (**B**) 293 whole cell lysates.

### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.