MPPED2 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-114350



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

MPPED2 (metallophosphoesterase domain-containing protein 2), also known as C11orf8, FAM1B or 239FB, is a 294 amino acid protein. Expressed primarily in fetal brain tissue, MPPED2 is encoded by a gene that maps to chromosome 11. With approximately 135 million base pairs and 1,400 genes, chromosome 11 makes up around 4% of human genomic DNA and is considered a gene and disease-association dense chromosome. The chromosome 11 encoded ATM gene is important for regulation of cell cycle arrest and apoptosis following double stranded DNA breaks. ATM mutation leads to the disorder known as ataxia-telangiectasia. The blood disorders sickle cell anemia and thalassemia are caused by HBB gene mutations, while Wilms' tumors, WAGR syndrome and Denys-Drash syndrome are associated with mutations of the WT1 gene. Jervell and Lange-Nielsen syndrome, Jacobsen syndrome, Niemann-Pick disease, hereditary angioedema and Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome are also associated with defects in chromosome 11.

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STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MPPED2 (human) mapping to 11p14.1.

PRODUCT

MPPED2 (h): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human MPPED2 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 μ g protein in 200 μ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

APPLICATIONS

MPPED2 (h): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive MPPED2 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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