ICOS (h): 293T Lysate: sc-114660



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

T cell proliferation and lymphokine production are triggered by occupation of the TCR by antigen, followed by a costimulatory signal that is delivered by a ligand expressed on antigen presenting cells. The B7-related cell surface proteins CD80 (B7-1) and CD86 (B7-2) are expressed on antigen presenting cells. CD80 and CD86 bind to the homologous T cell receptors CD28 and CTLA-4 (cytotoxic T lymphocyte-associated protein-4) and trigger costimulatory signals for optimal T cell activation. CTLA-4 shares 31% overall amino acid identity with CD28 and it has been proposed that CD28 and CTLA-4 are functionally redundant. ICOS (inducible co-stimulator) is related to CD28 and CTLA-4, and these three proteins are thought to compose a receptor family. ICOS stimulation enhances T cell responses and superinduces the synthesis of IL-10, but it does not induce IL-2 upregulation.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ICOS (human) mapping to 2q33.2.

PRODUCT

ICOS (h): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human ICOS transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

ICOS (h): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive ICOS antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 μ l per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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