

TULP1 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-115283

BACKGROUND

Mutations in the mouse *Tub* gene gradually lead to obesity, strongly resembling the late-onset obesity observed in the human population. In addition to excessive deposition of adipose tissue, mice with the *Tub* phenotype also suffer retinal degeneration and neurosensory hearing loss. A human homolog of the *Tub* gene has been identified, as have three related proteins, called Tubby-like protein 1 (TULP1), TULP2 and TULP3. When compared to TULP1 and TULP2, TULP3 has a wider tissue expression and is phylogenetically more similar to *Tub* than either TULP1 or TULP2. TULP1, expressed specifically in the retina, maps to the chromosomal region known to be involved in retinitis pigmentosa, while TULP2 maps within the minimal interval for the rod-cone dystrophy. TULP3 maps to human chromosome 12p13, and shares 69% homology to mouse TULP3. Human RNA from testis, ovary, thyroid and spinal cord contain highly detectable levels of TULP3 transcripts. In the retina, TULP3 is expressed specifically in the inner nuclear layer and ganglion cell layer. TULP1, TULP2 and TULP3 may comprise a unique family of bipartite transcription factors.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: TULP1 (human) mapping to 6p21.31.

PRODUCT

TULP1 (h): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human TULP1 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

APPLICATIONS

TULP1 (h): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive TULP1 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.