Erg-1/2/3 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-115805



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Ets-1 is the prototype member of a family of genes identified on the basis of homology to the v-Ets oncogene isolated from the E26 erythroblastosis virus. This family of genes currently includes Ets-1, Ets-2, Erg-1–3, Elk-1, Elf-1, Elf-5, NERF, PU.1, PEA3, ERM, FEV, ER8I, Fli-1, TEL, Spi-B, ESE-1, ESE-3A, Net, ABT1 and ERF. Members of the Ets gene family exhibit varied patterns of tissue expression, and share a highly conserved carboxy terminal domain containing a sequence related to the SV40 large T antigen nuclear localization signal sequence. This conserved domain is essential for Ets-1 binding to DNA and is likely to be responsible for the DNA binding activity of all members of the Ets gene family. Several of these proteins have been shown to recognize similar motifs in DNA that share a centrally located 5'-GGAA-3' element. Erg genes encode for multiple proteins due to alternative splicing and alternative usage of initiation codons.

REFERENCES

- 1. Ghysdael, J., et al. 1986. Identification and preferential expression in thymic and bursal lymphocytes of a c-Ets oncogene-encoded Mr 54,000 cytoplasmic protein. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 83: 1714-1718.
- Rao, V.N., et al. 1989. Elk, tissue-specific Ets-related genes on chromosomes X and 14 near translocation breakpoints. Science 244: 66-70.
- Burtis, K.C., et al. 1990. The *Drosophila* 74EF early puff contains E74, a complex ecdysone-inducible gene that encodes two Ets-related proteins. Cell 61: 85-99.
- Xin, J.H., et al. 1992. Molecular cloning and characterization of PEA3, a new member of the Ets oncogene family that is differentially expressed in mouse embryonic cells. Genes Dev. 6: 481-496.
- 5. Pongubala, J.M.R., et al. 1993. Effect of PU.1 phosphorylation on interaction with NF-EM5 and transcriptional activation. Science 259: 1622-1625.
- 6. Hewett, P.W., et al. 2001. Selective expression of Erg isoforms in human endothelial cells. Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol. 33: 347-355.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ERG (human) mapping to 21q22.2.

PRODUCT

Erg-1/2/3 (h): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human Erg-1/2/3 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 μ g protein in 200 μ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

APPLICATIONS

Erg-1/2/3 (h): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive Erg-1/2/3 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 μ l per lane.

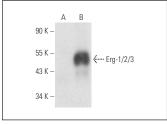
Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

Erg-1/2/3 (D-3): sc-271048 is recommended as a positive control antibody for Western Blot analysis of enhanced human Erg-1/2/3 expression in Erg-1/2/3 transfected 293T cells (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000).

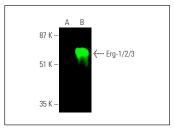
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

DATA







Erg-1/2/3 (D-3): sc-271048. Near-infrared western blot analysis of Erg-1/2/3 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human Erg-1/2/3 transfected: sc-115805 (B) 293T whole cell lysates. Blocked with UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214. Detection reagent used: m-lgGx BP-CFL 680: sc-516180.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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