Synaptotagmin VI (h): 293T Lysate: sc-115895



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Synaptotagmins are a large gene family of synaptic vesicle type III integral membrane proteins that function as regulators of both exocytosis and endocytosis and are involved in neurotransmitter secretion from small secretory vesicles. Calcium binds to Synaptotagmin I which triggers neurotransmitter release at the synapse. Synaptotagmin II is phosphorylated by WNK1 in a process that regulates calcium-dependent interactions. Synaptotagmin III is involved in calcium-dependent exocytosis of secretory vesicles in endocrine cells and neurons. Synaptotagmin IV is expressed in neuronal tissues and has the highest mRNA levels in the hippocampus. The proximity of the Synaptotagmin IV gene to markers of several psychiatric disorders suggest an involvement of Synaptotagmin IV in human disease. Synaptotagmin V is a dense-core vesicle-specific protein that regulates a specific type of calcium-regulated secretion. Synaptotagmin VI interacts with adaptor protein-2 in a calcium-independent manner. Synaptotagmin VII is widely expressed in non-neuronal tissues.

REFERENCES

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- Li, C., Ullrich, B., Zhang, J.Z., Anderson, R.G., Brose, N. and Sudhof, T.C. 1995. Ca²⁺-dependent and -independent activities of neural and non-neural Synaptotagmins. Nature 375: 594-599.
- Kishore, B.K., Wade, J.B., Schorr, K., Inoue, T., Mandon, B. and Knepper, M.A. 1998. Expression of Synaptotagmin VIII in rat kidney. Am. J. Physiol. 275: 131-142.
- Xi, D., Chin, H. and Gainer, H. 1999. Analysis of Synaptotagmin I-IV messenger RNA expression and developmental regulation in the rat hypothalamus and pituitary. Neuroscience 88: 425-435.
- Ferguson, G.D., Chen, X.N., Korenberg, J.R. and Herschman, H.R. 2000.
 The human Synaptotagmin IV gene defines an evolutionary break point between syntenic mouse and human chromosome regions but retains ligand inducibility and tissue specificity. J. Biol. Chem. 275: 36920-3696.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: SYT6 (human) mapping to 1p13.2.

PRODUCT

Synaptotagmin VI (h): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human Synaptotagmin VI transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 μ g protein in 200 μ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

APPLICATIONS

Synaptotagmin VI (h): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive Synaptotagmin VI antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 μ l per lane.

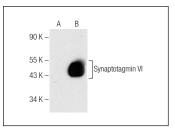
Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

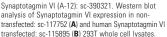
Synaptotagmin VI (A-12): sc-390321 is recommended as a positive control antibody for Western Blot analysis of enhanced human Synaptotagmin VI expression in Synaptotagmin VI transfected 293T cells (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000).

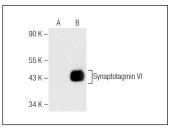
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

DATA







Synaptotagmin VI (A-5): sc-390320. Western blot analysis of Synaptotagmin VI expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human Synaptotagmin VI transfected: sc-115895 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.