TNF-R2 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-116422



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Tumor necrosis factor (TNF) is a pleiotropic cytokine whose function is mediated through two distinct cell surface receptors. These receptors, designated TNF-R1 and TNF-R2, are expressed on most cell types. The majority of TNF functions are primarily mediated through TNF-R1, while signaling through TNF-R2 occurs less extensively and is confined to cells of the immune system. Both of these proteins belong to the growing TNF and nerve growth factor (NGF) receptor superfamily, which includes Fas, CD30, CD27 and CD40. The members of this superfamily are type I membrane proteins that share sequence homology confined to the extracellular region. TNF-R1 shares a motif termed the "death domain" with Fas and three structurally unrelated signaling proteins, TRADD, FADD and RIP. This death domain is required for transduction of the apoptotic signal.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: TNFRSF1B (human) mapping to 1p36.22.

PRODUCT

TNF-R2 (h): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human TNF-R2 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

APPLICATIONS

TNF-R2 (h): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive TNF-R2 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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