# ALAS-H (m): 293T Lysate: sc-118326



The Power to Question

# **BACKGROUND**

5-aminolevulinate synthase 1 (ALAS-H) and 2 (ALAS-E) are two isoforms of ALAS, an enzyme catalyzing the first step of the heme biosynthetic pathway in mammals. The erythroid-specific isoenzyme, ALAS-E, regulates the first step of hematopoietic cell differentation and iron metabolism in the liver. ALAS-H is a housekeeping protein which mediates synthesis of early heme in the mitochondria of most cells. Succinyl CoA associates with ALAS-E in protein conformation change and translocation of ALAS-E into the mitochondria and does not interact with ALAS-H. The ALAS-E 5'-flanking region contains binding sites for nuclear activators such as GATA-1, NF-E2 and EKLF. Since the ALAS gene maps to the X chromosome, mutation of the gene leads to the pyridoxine-refractory X-linked sideroblastic anemia.

# **REFERENCES**

- Conboy, J.G., Cox, T.C., Bottomley, S.S., Bawden, M.J. and May, B.K. 1992. Human erythroid 5-aminolevulinate synthase. Gene structure and species-specific differences in alternative RNA splicing. J. Biol. Chem. 267: 18753-18758.
- 2. Kramer, M.F., Gunaratne, P. and Ferreira, G.C. 2000. Transcriptional regulation of the murine erythroid-specific 5-aminolevulinate synthase gene. Gene 247: 153-166.
- Furuyama, K. and Sassa, S. 2000. Interaction between succinyl CoA synthetase and the heme-biosynthetic enzyme ALAS-E is disrupted in sideroblastic anemia. J. Clin. Invest. 105: 757-764.
- Zhang, J. and Ferreira, G.C. 2002. Transient state kinetic investigation of 5-Aminolevulinate synthase reaction mechanism. J. Biol. Chem. 277: 44660-44669.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: Alas1 (mouse) mapping to 9 F1.

# **PRODUCT**

ALAS-H (m): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of mouse ALAS-H transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100  $\mu g$  protein in 200  $\mu l$  SDS-PAGE buffer.

# **STORAGE**

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# **APPLICATIONS**

ALAS-H (m): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive ALAS-H antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

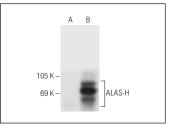
Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

ALAS-H (C-6): sc-137094 is recommended as a positive control antibody for Western Blot analysis of enhanced mouse ALAS-H expression in ALAS-H transfected 293T cells (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000).

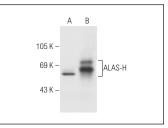
# **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

#### **DATA**







ALAS-H (F-5): sc-137093. Western blot analysis of ALAS-H expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and mouse ALAS-H transfected: sc-118326 (B) 293T whole cell Ivsates.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.