SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

ASNSD1 (m): 293T Lysate: sc-118590

SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY

The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

ASNSD1 (Asparagine synthetase domain containing 1), also known as HCV NS3-transactivated protein 1 or NS3TP1, is a 643 amino acid protein containing one Asparagine synthetase domain and a glutamine amidotransferase type-2 domain. The gene encoding ASNSD1 maps to human chromosome 2, the second largest human chromosome, which consists of 237 million bases, encodes over 1,400 genes and makes up approximately 8% of the human genome. A number of genetic diseases are linked to genes on chromosome 2. Harlequin icthyosis, a rare and morbid skin deformity, is associated with mutations in the ABCA12 gene. The lipid metabolic disorder sitosterolemia is associated with ABCG5 and ABCG8. An extremely rare recessive genetic disorder, Alstrom syndrome, is due to mutations in the ALMS1 gene. Interestingly, chromosome 2 contains what appears to be a vestigial second centromere and vestigial telomeres which gives credence to the hypothesis that human chromosome 2 is the result of an ancient fusion of two ancestral chromosomes seen in modern form today in apes.

REFERENCES

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2. Patel, S.B., Salen, G., Hidaka, H., Kwiterovich, P.O., Stalenhoef, A.F., Miettinen, T.A., Grundy, S.M., Lee, M.H., Rubenstein, J.S., Polymeropoulos, M.H. and Brownstein, M.J. 1998. Mapping a gene involved in regulating dietary cholesterol absorption. The sitosterolemia locus is found at chromosome 2p21. J. Clin. Invest. 102: 1041-1044.
3. Zumsteg, U., Muller, P.Y. and Miserez, A.R. 2000. Alstrom syndrome: confirmation of linkage to chromosome 2p12-13 and phenotypic heterogeneity in three affected sibs. J. Med. Genet. 37: E8.
4. Shulenin, S., Schriml, L.M., Remaley, A.T., Fojo, S., Brewer, B., Allikmets, R. and Dean, M. 2001. An ATP-binding cassette gene (ABCG5) from the ABCG (White) gene subfamily maps to human chromosome 2p21 in the region of the Sitosterolemia locus. Cytogenet. Cell Genet. 92: 204-208.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Asnsd1 (mouse) mapping to 1 C1.1.

PRODUCT

ASNSD1 (m): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of mouse ASNSD1 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

APPLICATIONS

ASNSD1 (m): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive ASNSD1 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

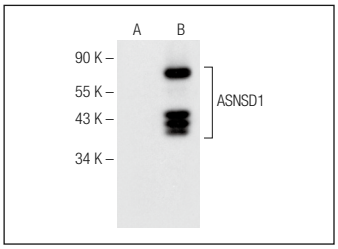
Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

ASNSD1 (C-7): sc-374190 is recommended as a positive control antibody for Western Blot analysis of enhanced mouse ASNSD1 expression in ASNSD1 transfected 293T cells (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000).

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

DATA



ASNSD1 (C-7): sc-374190. Western blot analysis of ASNSD1 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**) and mouse ASNSD1 transfected: sc-118590 (**B**) 293T whole cell lysates.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.