

Calretinin (m): 293T Lysate: sc-118973

BACKGROUND

Calbindin D28K and Calretinin (also designated CR or 29 kDa Calbindin) are two closely related intracellular calcium-binding proteins belonging to the Troponin-C superfamily. Initially isolated from chick retina, Calretinin shares 58% identical residues with human Calbindin D28K. Calretinin is expressed in the brain and is particularly abundant in auditory neurons with precisely timed discharges. Neurons in the nucleus accumbens containing Calretinin all possess nuclear indentations. Calretinin-immunoreactive boutons form asymmetrical and symmetrical synaptic specializations on spines, dendrites and somata. The symmetrical synaptic specializations have medium-sized spiny neurons and contact other Calretinin-immunoreactive somata. Calretinin is widely used as a immunocytochemical marker for mesothelioma.

REFERENCES

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3. Dreher, B., Barker, D.A., Bath, M.R. and Keay, K.A. 1996. Spatiotemporal pattern of ontogenetic expression of calbindin-28/kD in the retinorecipient layers of rat superior colliculus. *J. Comp. Neurol.* 376: 223-240.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Calb2 (mouse) mapping to 8 E1.

PRODUCT

Calretinin (m): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of mouse Calretinin transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

APPLICATIONS

Calretinin (m): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive Calretinin antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.