# HAGHL (m): 293T Lysate: sc-120705



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

The hydroxyacylglutathione hydrolase-like protein (HAGHL) is a 290 amino acid protein that belongs to the glyoxalase II family. HAGHL binds two zinc ions per subunit and acts as a hydrolase on ester bonds. The gene encoding HAGHL maps to human chromosome 16p13.3, which encodes over 900 genes in approximately 90 million base pairs, makes up nearly 3% of human cellular DNA and is associated with a variety of genetic disorders. The rare disorder Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome is associated with chromosome 16, as is Crohn's disease, a gastrointestinal inflammatory condition that may involve the NOD2 gene. An association with systemic lupus erythematosis and a number of other autoimmune disorders with the pericentromeric region of chromosome 16 has led to the identification of SLC5A11 as a potential autoimmune modifier.

## **REFERENCES**

- 1. Ben Hamida, C., et al. 1997. Homozygosity mapping of giant axonal neuropathy gene to chromosome 16q24.1. Neurogenetics 1: 129-133.
- Karlsson, J., et al. 2003. Novel quantitative trait loci controlling development of experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis and proportion of lymphocyte subpopulations. J. Immunol. 170: 1019-1026.
- 3. Forabosco, P., et al. 2006. Meta-analysis of genome-wide linkage studies of systemic lupus erythematosus. Genes Immun. 7: 609-614.
- 4. Carneiro, L.A., et al. 2007. NOD-like receptors in innate immunity and inflammatory diseases. Ann. Med. 39: 581-593.
- 5. Gervasini, C., et al. 2007. High frequency of mosaic CREBBP deletions in Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome patients and mapping of somatic and germ-line breakpoints. Genomics 90: 567-573.
- King, K., et al. 2007. Identification, evolution, and association study of a novel promoter and first exon of the human NOD2 (CARD 15) gene. Genomics 90: 493-501.
- 7. Koop, O., et al. 2007. Genotype-phenotype analysis in patients with giant axonal neuropathy (GAN). Neuromuscul. Disord. 17: 624-630.
- 8. Tattoli, I., et al. 2007. The nodosome: NOD1 and NOD2 control bacterial infections and inflammation. Semin. Immunopathol. 29: 289-301.
- 9. Yang, Y., et al. 2007. Giant axonal neuropathy. Cell. Mol. Life Sci. 64: 601-609.

## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: Haghl (mouse) mapping to 17 A3.3.

### **PRODUCT**

HAGHL (m): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of mouse HAGHL transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

HAGHL (m): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive HAGHL antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3800 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com