

IGFBP2 (m): 293T Lysate: sc-120966

BACKGROUND

The Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins (IGFBPs), a family of homologous proteins that have co-evolved with the IGFs, serve not only as shuttle molecules for the soluble IGFs, but also confer a level of regulation to the IGF signaling system. Physical association of the IGFBPs with IGF influences the bio-availability of the growth factors, and their concentration and distribution in the extracellular environment. The IGFBPs also appear to have biological activity independent of the IGFs. Seven IGFBPs have been described, each differing in their tissue distribution, half-lives and modulation of IGF interactions with their receptors. IGFBP1 is negatively regulated by Insulin production. The IGFBP1 gene is expressed at a high level during fetal liver development and in response to nutritional changes and diabetes. IGFBP2, which may function as a chaperone, escorting IGFs to their target tissues, is expressed in several human tissues including fetal eye and fetal brain. IGFBP3, the most abundant IGFBP, is complexed with roughly 80% of the serum IGFs. Both IGFBP3 and IGFBP4 are released by dermal fibroblasts in response to incision injury. IGFBP5 is secreted by myoblasts and may play a key role in muscle differentiation. IGFBP6 differs from other IGFBPs in having the highest affinity for IGF-II. Glycosylated human IGFBP6 is expressed in Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, whereas non-glycosylated recombinant human IGFBP-6 is expressed in *E. coli*. IGFBP7, a secreted protein that binds both IGF-I and IGF-II with a relatively low affinity, stimulates prostacyclin production and may also function as a growth-suppressing factor.

REFERENCES

1. Lee, J., et al. 1994. Structure and localization of the IGFBP1 gene and its expression during liver regeneration. *Hepatology* 19: 656-665.
2. Schmid, C. 1995. Insulin-like growth factors. *Cell Biol. Int.* 19: 445-457.
3. Binoux, M. 1995. The IGF system in metabolism regulation. *Diabetes Metab.* 21: 330-337.
4. Baxter, R.C. 1995. Insulin-like growth factor binding proteins as gluco-regulators. *Metabolism* 44: 12-17.
5. Kelley, K.M., et al. 1996. Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins (IGFBPs) and their regulatory dynamics. *Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol.* 28: 619-637.
6. Hathaway, C.L., et al. 1996. Differential expression of IGFBPs by normal and hypertrophic scar fibroblasts. *J. Surg. Res.* 60: 156-162.
7. Oh, Y., et al. 1996. Synthesis and characterization of Insulin-like growth factor-binding protein (IGFBP)-7. Recombinant human mac25 protein specifically binds IGF-I and -II. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 30322-30325.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: *Igfbp2* (mouse) mapping to 1 C3.

PRODUCT

IGFBP2 (m): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of mouse IGFBP2 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

IGFBP2 (m): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive IGFBP2 antibodies.

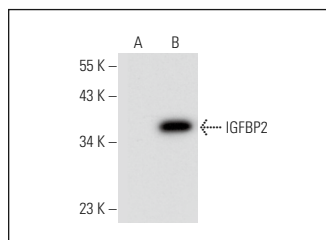
Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

IGFBP2 (G-4): sc-515134 is recommended as a positive control antibody for Western Blot analysis of enhanced mouse IGFBP2 expression in IGFBP2 transfected 293T cells (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000).

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended:
1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

DATA



IGFBP2 (G-4): sc-515134. Western blot analysis of IGFBP2 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and mouse IGFBP2 transfected: sc-120966 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.