# MKP-3 (m): 293T Lysate: sc-121681



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

Mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinases are a large class of proteins involved in signal transduction pathways that are activated by a range of stimuli and mediate a number of physiological and pathological changes in the cell. Dual specificity phosphatases (DSPs) are a subclass of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) gene superfamily, which are selective for dephosphorylating critical phosphothreonine and phosphotyrosine residues within MAP kinases. DSP gene expression is induced by a host of growth factors and/or cellular stresses, thereby negatively regulating MAP kinase superfamily members including MAPK/ERK, SAPK/JNK and p38. The members of the dual-specificity phosphatase protein family include MKP-1/CL100 (3CH134), VHR, PAC1, MKP-2, hVH-3 (B23), hVH-5, MKP-3, MKP-X and MKP-4. Human MKP-3 maps to chromosome 12q21.33 and encodes a 381 amino acid protein that specifically inactivates members of the ERK family and is expressed in a variety of tissues with the highest levels in heart and pancreas.

### **REFERENCES**

- 1. Keyse, S.M. 1995. An emerging family of dual specificity MAP kinase phosphatases. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1265: 152-160.
- Muda, M., et al. 1997. Molecular cloning and functional characterization of a novel mitogen-activated protein kinase phosphatase, MKP-4. J. Biol. Chem. 272: 5141-5151.
- 3. Sun, H. 1998. Functional studies of dual specificity phosphatases. Methods Mol. Biol. 84: 307-318.
- 4. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 1998. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 603068. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
- 5. Camps, M., et al. 2000. Dual specificity phosphatases: a gene family for control of MAP kinase function. FASEB J. 14: 6-16.
- 6. Castelli, M., et al. 2004. MAP kinase phosphatase 3 (MKP-3) interacts with and is phosphorylated by protein kinase CK2 $\alpha$ . J. Biol. Chem. 279: 44731-44739.

## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: Dusp6 (mouse) mapping to 10 D1.

# **PRODUCT**

MKP-3 (m): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of mouse MKP-3 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100  $\mu$ g protein in 200  $\mu$ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

### **APPLICATIONS**

MKP-3 (m): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive MKP-3 antibodies. Recommended use:  $10-20 \mu l$  per lane.

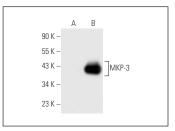
Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

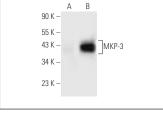
MKP-3 (G-4): sc-137246 is recommended as a positive control antibody for Western Blot analysis of enhanced mouse MKP-3 expression in MKP-3 transfected 293T cells (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000).

### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

#### **DATA**





MKP-3 (G-4): sc-137246. Western blot analysis of MKP-3 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**) and mouse MKP-3 transfected: sc-121681 (**B**) 293T whole cell Ivsates

MKP-3 (G-11): sc-137245. Western blot analysis of MKP-3 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and mouse MKP-3 transfected: sc-121681 (B) 293T whole cell lysates

#### **STORAGE**

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.