# Mx1 (m): 293T Lysate: sc-121876



The Power to Question

### **BACKGROUND**

The Dynamin family of microtubule-associated proteins function as GTPases that are involved in microtubule bundling and endocytosis. In mice, Mx2 (Myxovirus resistance protein 2) and Mx1 (Myxovirus resistance protein 1) are members of the Dynamin family that are involved in the immune response to viral infections. Localized to the cytoplasm, Mx2 contains one GED domain and is expressed in response to viral infection or treatment by IFN- $\alpha$ /IFN- $\beta$ . Once expression is induced, Mx2 accumulates in the cytoplasm and inhibits the replication of vesicular stomatitis virus (VSV), thereby conferring resistance to VSV infection. Unlike Mx2, Mx1 is localized to the nucleus where, upon induction by IFN- $\alpha$ /IFN- $\beta$ , it provides selective resistance to infection by the highly lethal H5N1 influenza virus. In humans, MxA and MxB function in a similar manner to Mx1 and Mx2, conferring resistance to specific target viruses.

# **REFERENCES**

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# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Mx1 (mouse) mapping to 16 C4.

## **PRODUCT**

Mx1 (m): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of mouse Mx1 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100  $\mu$ g protein in 200  $\mu$ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

### **APPLICATIONS**

Mx1 (m): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive Mx1 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

# **STORAGE**

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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