

SAPK4 (m): 293T Lysate: sc-123351

BACKGROUND

Lipopolysaccharide has been shown to induce tyrosine phosphorylation of a unique protein, designated p38. p38 is a member of the MAP kinase family with features most closely resembling those of the *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* protein Hog1. p38 and Hog1 share a TGY phosphorylation sequence, whereas most other MAP kinase family proteins have a TEY sequence. A related protein, p38 β , has been shown to phosphorylate ATF-2 at a 20-fold higher rate than p38, suggesting distinct substrate preferences. Stress activated protein kinase-4, or SAPK4, also designated p38 δ , is a related protein that is phosphorylated by MKK6 in response to cytokines and cellular stresses.

REFERENCES

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2. Brewster, J.L., et al. 1993. An osmosensing signal transduction pathway in yeast. *Science* 259: 1760-1763.
3. Nishida, E., et al. 1993. The MAP kinase cascade is essential for diverse signal transduction pathways. *Trends Biochem. Sci.* 18: 128-131.
4. Han, J., et al. 1994. A MAP kinase targeted by endotoxin and hyperosmolarity in mammalian cells. *Science* 265: 808-811.
5. Jiang, Y., et al. 1996. Characterization of the structure and function of a new mitogen-activated protein kinase (p38 β). *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 17920-17926.
6. Goedert, M., et al. 1997. Activation of the novel stress-activated protein kinase SAPK4 by cytokines and cellular stresses is mediated by SKK3 (MKK6); comparison of its substrate specificity with that of other SAP kinases. *EMBO J.* 16: 3563-3571.
7. Kumar, S., et al. 1997. Novel homologues of CSBP/p38 MAP kinase: activation, substrate specificity and sensitivity to inhibition by pyridinyl imidazoles. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 235: 533-538.
8. Wang, X.S., et al. 1997. Molecular cloning and characterization of a novel p38 mitogen activated protein kinase. *J. Biol. Chem.* 272: 23668-23674.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Mapk13 (mouse) mapping to 17 A3.3.

PRODUCT

SAPK4 (m): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of mouse SAPK4 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 μ g protein in 200 μ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

APPLICATIONS

SAPK4 (m): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive SAPK4 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 μ l per lane.

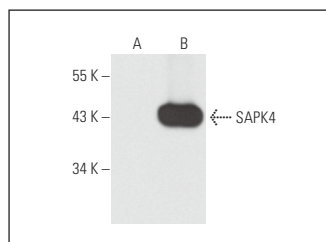
Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

SAPK4 (E-3): sc-271292 is recommended as a positive control antibody for Western Blot analysis of enhanced mouse SAPK4 expression in SAPK4 transfected 293T cells (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000).

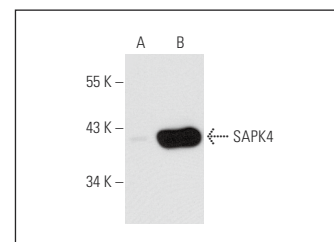
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended:
1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

DATA



SAPK4 (E-3): sc-271292. Western blot analysis of SAPK4 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and mouse SAPK4 transfected: sc-123351 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.



SAPK4 (E-7): sc-46678. Western blot analysis of SAPK4 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and mouse SAPK4 transfected: sc-123351 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.