TGIF (m): 293T Lysate: sc-124025



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

TGIF (for 5'-TG-3' interacting factor) was originally identified as a homeodomain protein that binds to a retinoid X receptor (RXR) responsive element, thereby inhibiting the binding of RXR to this site and repressing RXR-dependent transcriptional activation. TGIF is a member of the TALE (three amino acid loop extension) family of homeodomain-containing proteins. TGIF also binds to Smad2, to repress Smad2-Smad4-mediated transcription. Smad2, after phosphorylation mediated by TGF β receptor, forms a complex with Smad4 and enters the nucleus to regulate transcription. The Smad2-Smad4 complex can interact with coactivators to form a transcriptional activation complex. Alternatively, the Smad2-Smad4 complex can interact with TGIF and HDACs to form a transcriptional repressor complex. Upon interaction with Smad2, TGIF is recruited to TGF β -responsive genes, where it acts to repress TGF β -induced transcription. The gene which encodes TGIF maps to human chromosome 18p11.3.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Tgif1 (mouse) mapping to 17 E1.3.

PRODUCT

TGIF (m): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of mouse TGIF transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 μ g protein in 200 μ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

APPLICATIONS

TGIF (m): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive TGIF antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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