

Cdc123 (m2): 293T Lysate: sc-126609

BACKGROUND

The eukaryotic cell division cycle consists of a number of gene-controlled sequences that involve cyclin dependent kinases (Cdks) and cell division control (Cdc) proteins. Cdc123 (cell division cycle protein 123), also known as D123, is a 336 amino acid cytoplasmic protein that is involved in cell cycle control. Widely expressed with high expression in thymus, spleen, ovary, testis, small intestine and leukocytes, Cdc123 functions to destabilize Chfr (checkpoint with forkhead and RING finger domain) proteins which, when accumulated, block the G to S phase transition. Cdc123 prevents the Chfr proteins from collecting in the cell, thereby allowing the cell to enter the S phase. Due to its role in cell cycle control, Cdc123 is thought to be a basal marker for luminal breast cancers.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Cdc123 (mouse) mapping to 2 A1.

PRODUCT

Cdc123 (m2): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of mouse Cdc123 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 μ g protein in 200 μ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

APPLICATIONS

Cdc123 (m2): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive Cdc123 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 μ l per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.