# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# FcRn (m): 293T Lysate: sc-126843



## BACKGROUND

FcRN present in the intestinal epithelium of neonatal mice and rats mediates the selective uptake of immunoglobulin G (IgG) in mothers' milk, thereby helping newborn animals to acquire passive immunity. FcRn (also designated FCGRT, Brambell receptor, FcRn  $\alpha$  chain, IgG Gc receptor and neonatal Fcreceptor) is comprised of a heavy chain and  $\beta$ -2-Microglobulin. FcRn heavy chain shows approximately 35% amino acid identity to an MHC class I molecule. FcRN localizes in endosomes of vascular endothelial cells and selectively recycles IgG to the cell surface, thus protecting IgG from lysosomal catabolism. This protection mechanism is a major constituent for ensuring IgG are the longest lived of all plasma proteins.

## REFERENCES

- 1. Claypool, S.M., et al. 2002. Functional reconstitution of human FcRn in Madin-Darby canine kidney cells requires co-expressed human  $\beta$ -2-Microglobulin. J. Biol. Chem. 277: 28038-28050.
- 2. Praetor, A., et al. 2002. Membrane-anchored human FcRn can oligomerize in the absence of IgG. J. Mol. Biol. 321: 277-284.
- Detmer, S.A., et al. 2002. IgG transcytosis and recycling by FcRn expressed in MDCK cells reveals ligand-induced redistribution. EMBO J. 21: 5953.
- Zhou, J., et al. 2003. Generation of mutated variants of the human form of the MHC class I-related receptor, FcRn, with increased affinity for mouse immunoglobulin G. J. Mol. Biol. 332: 901-913.
- 5. Ober, R.J., et al. 2004. Visualizing the site and dynamics of IgG salvage by the MHC class I-related receptor, FcRn. J. Immunol. 172: 2021-2029.
- Ober, R.J., et al. 2004. Exocytosis of IgG as mediated by the receptor, FcRn: an analysis at the single-molecule level. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 101: 11076-11081.
- 7. Zhou, J., et al. 2005. Conferring the binding properties of the mouse MHC class I-related receptor, FcRn, onto the human ortholog by sequential rounds of site-directed mutagenesis. J. Mol. Biol. 345: 1071-1081.
- Getman, K.E., et al. 2005. Pharmacokinetic effects of 4C9, an anti-FcRn antibody, in rats: implications for the use of FcRn inhibitors for the treatment of humoral autoimmune and alloimmune conditions. J. Pharm. Sci. 94: 718-729.
- Ward, E.S., et al. 2005. From sorting endosomes to exocytosis: association of Rab4 and Rab11 GTPases with the Fc receptor, FcRn, during recycling. Mol. Biol. Cell 16: 2028-2038.

#### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: Fcgrt (mouse) mapping to 7 B4.

## PRODUCT

FcRn (m): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of mouse FcRn transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100  $\mu$ g protein in 200  $\mu$ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## APPLICATIONS

FcRn (m): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive FcRn antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20  $\mu$ l per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

FcRn (H-4): sc-166413 is recommended as a positive control antibody for Western Blot analysis of enhanced mouse FcRn expression in FcRn transfected 293T cells (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000).

#### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

# DATA





FcRn (H-4): sc-166413. Western blot analysis of FcRn expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**) and mouse FcRn transfected: sc-126843 (**B**) 293T whole cell lysates.

FcRn (A-6): sc-393064. Western blot analysis of FcRn expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**) and mouse FcRn transfected: sc-126843 (**B**) 293T whole cell lysates.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.