

IL-3/IL-5/GM-CSFR β (h): 293T Lysate: sc-128879

BACKGROUND

The human IL-3, IL-5 and GM-CSF receptors are each composed of both unique α subunits and a common β subunit. The α subunits are low-affinity ligand binding proteins while the β subunits do not themselves bind ligands, but are required for high-affinity binding by the α subunits. In contrast, the mouse IL-3 receptor has two distinct β subunits, one that functions only in IL-3 mediated cell signaling and a second that is shared with IL-5 and GM-CSF. The murine β -subunits are 91% homologous at the amino acid level but only 56% homologous to the human β subunit. Although neither the murine nor the human β subunit contains tyrosine kinase domains, both activate tyrosine phosphorylation mediated signaling pathways.

REFERENCES

- Hayashida, K., et al. 1990. Molecular cloning of a second subunit of the receptor for human granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF): reconstitution of a high-affinity GM-CSF receptor. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 87: 9655-9659.
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- Miyajima, A., et al. 1992. Cytokine receptors and signal transduction. *Annu. Rev. Immunol.* 10: 295-331.
- Tavernier, J., et al. 1992. A human high-affinity interleukin-5 receptor (IL-5R) is composed of an IL-5 specific chain and a β chain shared with the receptor for GM-CSF. *Cell* 66: 1175-1184.
- Hara, T., et al. 1992. Two distinct functional receptors for mouse interleukin-3. *EMBO J.* 11: 1875-1884.
- Sakamaki, K., et al. 1992. Critical cytoplasmic domains of the common β subunit of the human GM-CSF, IL-3, and IL-5 receptors for growth signal transduction and tyrosine phosphorylation. *EMBO J.* 11: 3541-3549.
- Goodall, G.J., et al. 1993. A model for the interaction of the GM-CSF, IL-3 and IL-5 receptors with their ligands. *Growth Factors* 8: 87-97.
- Rao, P., et al. 1995. Human IL-3 receptor signaling: rapid induction of phosphatidylcholine hydrolysis is independent of protein kinase C but dependent on tyrosine phosphorylation in transfected NIH 3T3 cells. *J. Immunol.* 154: 1664-1674.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CSF2RB (human) mapping to 22q12.3.

PRODUCT

IL-3/IL-5/GM-CSFR β (h): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human IL-3/IL-5/GM-CSFR β transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 μ g protein in 200 μ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

IL-3/IL-5/GM-CSFR β (h): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive IL-3/IL-5/GM-CSFR β antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 μ l per lane.

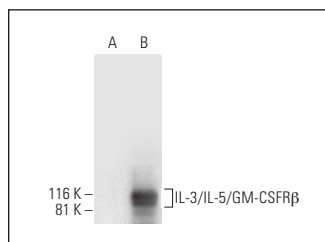
Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

IL-3/IL-5/GM-CSFR β (F-12): sc-393281 is recommended as a positive control antibody for Western Blot analysis of enhanced human IL-3/IL-5/GM-CSFR β expression in IL-3/IL-5/GM-CSFR β transfected 293T cells (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000).

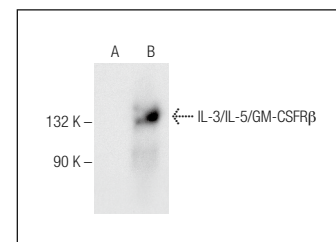
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

DATA



IL-3/IL-5/GM-CSFR β (F-12): sc-393281. Western blot analysis of IL-3/IL-5/GM-CSFR β expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human IL-3/IL-5/GM-CSFR β transfected: sc-128879 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.



IL-3/IL-5/GM-CSFR β (C-4): sc-376582. Western blot analysis of IL-3/IL-5/GM-CSFR β expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human IL-3/IL-5/GM-CSFR β transfected: sc-128879 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.