KCNQ1 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-128911



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Voltage-gated K+ channels in the plasma membrane control the repolarization and the frequency of action potentials in neurons, muscles and other excitable cells. A specific K+ channel, comprised of an α subunit KCNQ1 and a β subunit KCNE1, a small protein which spans the membrane only once, is predominantly expressed in the heart and in the cochlea, and is responsible for regulating the slow, depolarization-activated potassium current. Mutations in the genes encoding for KCNQ1 and KCNE1 lead to cardiac disease because they directly impair electrical signaling, and mutations in KCNQ4 are implicated in the onset of deafness. KCNQ proteins, including KCNQ1 and KCNQ4, characteristically contain six transmembrane domains and function as tetramers. KCNQ4 forms heteromeric channels with KCNQ3 and is expressed in several tissues, including the cochlea, where it is present in outer hair cells.

REFERENCES

- 1. Takumi, T., et al. 1988. Cloning of a membrane protein that induces a slow voltage-gated potassium current. Science 242: 1042-1045.
- 2. Wang, Q., et al. 1996. Positional cloning of a novel potassium channel gene: KVLQT1 mutations cause cardiac arrhythmias. Nat. Genet. 12: 17-23.
- Chouabe, C., et al. 1997. Properties of KVLQT1 K+ channel mutations in Romano-Ward and Jervell and Lange-Nielsen inherited cardiac arrhythmias. EMBO J. 16: 5472-5479.
- Kubisch, C., et al. 1999. KCNQ4, a novel potassium channel expressed in sensory outer hair cells, is mutated in dominant deafness. Cell 5: 437-446.
- Schroeder, B.C., et al. 2000. A constitutively open potassium channel formed by KCNQ1 and KCNE3. Nature 13: 196-199.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: KCNQ1 (human) mapping to 11p15.5.

PRODUCT

KCNQ1 (h): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human KCNQ1 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

APPLICATIONS

KCNQ1 (h): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive KCNQ1 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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