PLC β3 (D-7): sc-133231



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Phosphoinositide-specific phospholipase C (PLC) plays a critical role in the initiation of receptor mediated signal transduction through the generation of the two second messengers, inositol 1,4,5-triphosphate and diacylglycerol from phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate. A total of eight mammalian PLC isozymes have been described (PLC $\beta 1$, PLC $\beta 2$, PLC $\beta 3$, PLC $\beta 4$, PLC $\gamma 1$, PLC $\gamma 2$, PLC $\delta 1$ and PLC $\delta 2$). The γ -type enzymes are unique in that they contain SH2 and SH3 domains. Moreover, the two γ -type enzymes, but not the β and δ isozymes, are subject to activation by a number of protein tyrosine kinases which associate with their SH2 domains and induce their activation by phosphoryation. In contrast, activation of PLC $\beta 1$, PLC $\beta 2$ and PLC $\beta 3$ is mediated by the α subunits of the G_q class of heterotrimeric G proteins and by certain $\beta\gamma$ G protein subunits. The regulatory mechanisms for PLC $\delta 1$ and PLC $\delta 2$ are not yet resolved.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PLCB3 (human) mapping to 11q13.1; Plcb3 (mouse) mapping to 19 A.

SOURCE

PLC β 3 (D-7) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1151-1234 of PLC β 3 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 $\mu g \, lg G_{2a}$ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

PLC β3 (D-7) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-133231 AC), 500 μg/ 0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-133231 HRP), 200 μg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-133231 PE), fluorescein (sc-133231 FITC), Alexa Fluor $^{\circ}$ 488 (sc-133231 AF488), Alexa Fluor $^{\circ}$ 546 (sc-133231 AF546), Alexa Fluor $^{\circ}$ 594 (sc-133231 AF594) or Alexa Fluor $^{\circ}$ 647 (sc-133231 AF647), 200 μg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor $^{\circ}$ 680 (sc-133231 AF680) or Alexa Fluor $^{\circ}$ 790 (sc-133231 AF790), 200 μg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

APPLICATIONS

PLC $\beta3$ (D-7) is recommended for detection of PLC $\beta3$ of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

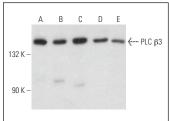
Suitable for use as control antibody for PLC $\beta3$ siRNA (h): sc-36272, PLC $\beta3$ siRNA (m): sc-36273, PLC $\beta3$ siRNA (r): sc-156124, PLC $\beta3$ shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-36272-SH, PLC $\beta3$ shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-36273-SH, PLC $\beta3$ shRNA Plasmid (r): sc-156124-SH, PLC $\beta3$ shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36272-V, PLC $\beta3$ shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36273-V and PLC $\beta3$ shRNA (r) Lentiviral Particles: sc-156124-V.

Molecular Weight of PLC β3: 152 kDa.

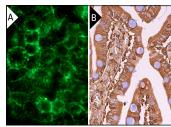
STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

DATA



PLC β3 (D-7): sc-133231. Western blot analysis of PLC β3 expression in SK-BR-3 (**A**), MCF7 (**B**), F9 (**C**), BC₂H1 (**D**) and A-10 (**E**) whole cell lysates.



PLC β 3 (D-7); sc-133231. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells showing membrane and cytoplasmic localization (**A**). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human small intestine tissue showing cytoplasmic and membrane staining of glandular cells (**B**).

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Sheng, H., et al. 2012. Corticotropin-releasing hormone stimulates mitotic kinesin-like protein 1 expression via a PLC/PKC-dependent signaling pathway in hippocampal neurons. Mol. Cell. Endocrinol. 362: 157-164.
- 2. Wang, S., et al. 2013. CXCR2 macromolecular complex in pancreatic cancer: a potential therapeutic target in tumor growth. Transl. Oncol. 6: 216-225.
- 3. Zhong, W., et al. 2016. ORP4L is essential for T-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia cell survival. Nat. Commun. 7: 12702.
- Yamamoto, T., et al. 2019. Premotor cortical-cerebellar reorganization in a macaque model of primary motor cortical lesion and recovery. J. Neurosci. 39: 8484-8496.
- Kourosh-Arami, M., et al. 2020. Phospholipase Cβ3 in the hippocampus may mediate impairment of memory by long-term blockade of orexin 1 receptors assessed by the Morris water maze. Life Sci. 257: 118046.
- 6. Mousavi, Z., et al. 2021. An immunohistochemical study of the effects of orexin receptor blockade on phospholipase C-β3 level in rat hippocampal dentate gyrus neurons. Biotech. Histochem. 96: 191-196.
- Zhong, W., et al. 2022. An acquired phosphatidylinositol 4-phosphate transport initiates T-cell deterioration and leukemogenesis. Nat. Commun. 13: 4390.
- Róg, J., et al. 2023. Primary mouse myoblast metabotropic purinoceptor profiles and calcium signalling differ with their muscle origin and are altered in mdx dystrophinopathy. Sci. Rep. 13: 9333.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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