

α 3 Tubulin (10J1): sc-134240

BACKGROUND

Tubulin is a major cytoskeleton component that has five distinct forms, designated α , β , γ , δ and ϵ Tubulin. α and β Tubulins form heterodimers which multimerize to form a microtubule filament. Multiple β Tubulin isoforms (β 1, β 2, β 3, β 4, β 5, β 6 and β 8) have been characterized and are expressed in mammalian tissues. β 1 and β 4 are present throughout the cytosol, β 2 is present in the nuclei and nucleoplasm, and β 3 is a neuron-specific cytoskeletal protein. γ Tubulin forms the gammasome, which is required for nucleating microtubule filaments at the centrosome. Both δ Tubulin and ϵ Tubulin are associated with the centrosome. δ Tubulin is a homolog of the *Chlamydomonas* δ Tubulin Uni3 and is found in association with the centrioles, whereas ϵ Tubulin localizes to the pericentriolar material. ϵ Tubulin exhibits a cell-cycle-specific pattern of localization, first associating with only the older of the centrosomes in a newly duplicated pair and later associating with both centrosomes.

REFERENCES

- Weisenberg, R. 1981. Invited review: the role of nucleotide triphosphate in Actin and Tubulin assembly and function. *Cell Motil.* 1: 485-497.
- Burns, R.G. 1991. α , β , and γ Tubulins: sequence comparisons and structural constraints. *Cell Motil. Cytoskeleton* 20: 181-189.
- Zheng, Y., et al. 1991. γ Tubulin is present in *Drosophila melanogaster* and *Homo sapiens* and is associated with the centrosome. *Cell* 65: 817-823.
- Leask, A. and Stearns, T. 1998. Expression of amino- and carboxyl-terminal γ and α Tubulin mutants in cultured epithelial cells. *J. Biol. Chem.* 273: 2661-2668.
- Ludueno, R.F. 1998. Multiple forms of Tubulin: different gene products and covalent modifications. *Int. Rev. Cytol.* 178: 207-275.

SOURCE

α 3 Tubulin (10J1) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against recombinant α 3C Tubulin protein of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μ g IgG₁ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

α 3 Tubulin (10J1) is recommended for detection of α 3 Tubulin and α 1 Tubulin of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

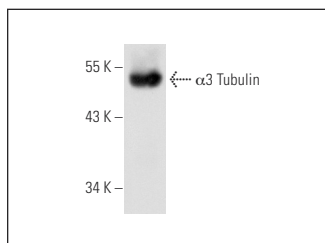
Molecular Weight of α 3 Tubulin isoforms 1/2: 50/46 kDa.

Positive Controls: Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227 or Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204.

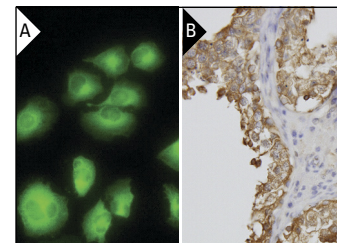
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

DATA



α 3 Tubulin (10J1): sc-134240. Western blot analysis of α 3 Tubulin expression in Hep G2 whole cell lysate.



α 3 Tubulin (10J1): sc-134240. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells showing cytoplasmic and membrane localization (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human testis tissue showing cytoplasmic localization (B).

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Hao, X.D., et al. 2017. *De novo* mutations of TUBA3D are associated with keratoconus. *Sci. Rep.* 7: 13570.
- Hausrat, T.J., et al. 2021. α and β Tubulin isotypes are differentially expressed during brain development. *Dev. Neurobiol.* 81: 333-350.
- Granados-López, A.J., et al. 2021. UVB inhibits proliferation, cell cycle and induces apoptosis via p53, E2F1 and microtubules system in cervical cancer cell lines. *Int. J. Mol. Sci.* 22: 5197.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.