

# Akt3 (EE-M14): sc-134254



The Power to Question

## BACKGROUND

The serine/threonine kinase Akt family contains several members, including Akt1 (also designated PKB or RacPK), Akt2 (also designated PKB $\beta$  or RacPK- $\beta$ ) and Akt3 (also designated PKB $\gamma$  or thymoma viral proto-oncogene 3), which exhibit sequence homology with the protein kinase A and C families and are encoded by the c-Akt proto-oncogene. All members of the Akt family have a Pleckstrin homology domain. Akt3 is phosphorylated on a serine residue in response to Insulin. However, the activation of Akt3 by Insulin is inhibited by prior activation of protein kinase C via a mechanism that does not require the presence of the PH domain. Akt3 is expressed in 3T3-L1 fibroblasts, adipocytes and skeletal muscle and may be involved in various biological processes, including adipocyte and muscle differentiation, glycogen synthesis, glucose uptake, apoptosis and cellular proliferation.

## REFERENCES

- Burgering, B.M., et al. 1995. Protein kinase B (c-Akt) in phosphatidylinositol-3-OH kinase signal transduction. *Nature* 376: 599-602.
- Datta, K., et al. 1995. AH/PH domain-mediated interaction between Akt molecules and its potential role in Akt regulation. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 15: 2304-2310.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: AKT3 (human) mapping to 1q43; Akt3 (mouse) mapping to 1 H4.

## SOURCE

Akt3 (EE-M14) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against recombinant Akt3 protein of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100  $\mu$ g IgG<sub>2a</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

## APPLICATIONS

Akt3 (EE-M14) is recommended for detection of Akt3 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Akt3 siRNA (h): sc-38911, Akt3 siRNA (m): sc-38912, Akt3 siRNA (r): sc-108064, Akt3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-38911-SH, Akt3 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-38912-SH, Akt3 shRNA Plasmid (r): sc-108064-SH, Akt3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38911-V, Akt3 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38912-V and Akt3 shRNA (r) Lentiviral Particles: sc-108064-V.

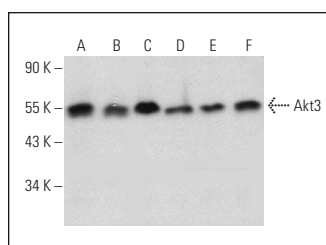
Molecular Weight of Akt3: 60 kDa.

Positive Controls: LNCaP cell lysate: sc-2231, HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200 or C2C12 whole cell lysate: sc-364188.

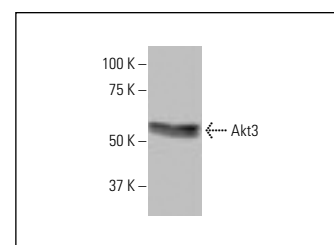
## RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).

## DATA



Akt3 (EE-M14): sc-134254. Western blot analysis of Akt3 expression in LNCaP (A), DU 145 (B), C2C12 (C), Sol8 (D), C6 (E) and L8 (F) whole cell lysates.



Akt3 (EE-M14): sc-134254. Western blot analysis of Akt3 expression in HeLa whole cell lysate.

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Evangelisti, C., et al. 2011. Preclinical testing of the Akt inhibitor triciribine in T-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia. *J. Cell. Physiol.* 226: 822-831.
- Zhuang, J., et al. 2017. MicroRNA-497 inhibits cellular proliferation, migration and invasion of papillary thyroid cancer by directly targeting Akt3. *Mol. Med. Rep.* 16: 5815-5822.
- Halon-Golabek, M., et al. 2018. HmSOD1 gene mutation-induced disturbance in iron metabolism is mediated by impairment of Akt signalling pathway. *J. Cachexia Sarcopenia Muscle* 9: 557-569.
- Zhang, J., et al. 2019. Glucose drives growth factor-independent esophageal cancer proliferation via phosphohistidine-FAK signaling. *Cell. Mol. Gastroenterol. Hepatol.* 8: 37-60.
- Liu, H.T., et al. 2022. lncRNA THAP7-AS1, transcriptionally activated by SP1 and post-transcriptionally stabilized by METTL3-mediated m6A modification, exerts oncogenic properties by improving CUL4B entry into the nucleus. *Cell Death Differ.* 29: 627-641.
- Grassilli, S., et al. 2022. Vav1 selectively down-regulates Akt2 through miR-29b in certain breast tumors with triple negative phenotype. *J. Pers. Med.* 12: 993.

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.