# ACTR10 siRNA (m): sc-140846



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

ACTR10 (Actin-related protein 10), also known as ARP11 or HARP11, is a 417 amino acid protein that localizes to the cytoplasm and the cytoskeleton and belongs to the Actin family. The gene that encodes ACTR10 maps to human chromosome 14, which contains about 700 genes and 106 million base pairs and makes up about 3.5% of human cellular DNA. Chromosome 14 encodes the presinilin 1 (PSEN1) gene, which is one of the three key genes associated with the development of Alzheimer's disease. The SERPINA1 gene is located on chromosome 14 and when defective leads to the genetic disorder  $\alpha 1$ -antitrypsin deficiency. This disorder is characterized by severe lung complications and liver dysfunction. Notably, the immunoglobulin heavy chain locus is found on chromosome 14 and has been identified as a fusion with the chromosome 19 encoded protein Bcl-3 in the (14;19) translocations found in a variety of B cell malignancies.

# **REFERENCES**

- Heilig, R., et al. 2003. The DNA sequence and analysis of human chromosome 14. Nature 421: 601-607.
- Eckley, D.M. and Schroer, T.A. 2003. Interactions between the evolutionarily conserved, actin-related protein, ARP11, actin, and ARP1. Mol. Biol. Cell 14: 2645-2654.
- 3. Godbolt, A.K., et al. 2004. A presenilin 1 R278l mutation presenting with language impairment. Neurology 63: 1702-1704.
- Stolk, J., et al. 2006. α1-antitrypsin deficiency: current perspective on research, diagnosis, and management. Int. J. Chron. Obstruct. Pulmon. Dis. 1: 151-160.
- Vetrivel, K.S., et al. 2006. Pathological and physiological functions of presenilins. Mol. Neurodegener. 1: 4.
- Albani, D., et al. 2007. Presenilin-1 mutation E318G and familial Alzheimer's disease in the Italian population. Neurobiol. Aging 28: 1682-1688.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Actr10 (mouse) mapping to 12 C3.

# **PRODUCT**

ACTR10 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu\text{M}$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see ACTR10 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-140846-SH and ACTR10 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-140846-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of ACTR10 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-140846A, sc-140846B and sc-140846C.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

# **APPLICATIONS**

ACTR10 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of ACTR10 expression in mouse cells.

#### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

# GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

ACTR10 (E-6): sc-515293 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of ACTR10 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

# **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor ACTR10 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: ACTR10 (m)-PR: sc-140846-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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