AMAP-1 siRNA (m): sc-141038



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

AMAP-1 (AMY-1-binding protein 1), also known as AMAM-1 or MYCBPAP (MYCBP associated protein), is a 947 amino acid protein that is expressed specifically in testis and is involved in spermatogenesis and synaptic processes. AMAP-1 colocalizes with MYCBP (AMY-1) in cytoplasm and also localizes to membrane. The gene encoding AMAP-1 maps to human chromosome 17, which comprises over 2.5% of the human genome and encodes over 1,200 genes. Two key tumor suppressor genes are associated with chromosome 17, namely, p53 and BRCA1. Tumor suppressor p53 is necessary for maintenance of cellular genetic integrity by moderating cell fate through DNA repair versus cell death. Malfunction or loss of p53 expression is associated with malignant cell growth and Li-Fraumeni syndrome. Like p53, BRCA1 is directly involved in DNA repair, though specifically it is recognized as a genetic determinant of early onset breast cancer and predisposition to cancers of the ovary, colon, prostate gland and fallopian tubes.

REFERENCES

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- 2. Lee, Y.C., et al. 1999. Molecular cloning and functional expression of two members of mouse NeuAc α 2,3Gal β 1,3GalNAc GalNAc α 2,6-sialyltransferase family, ST6GalNAc III and IV. J. Biol. Chem. 274: 11958-11967.
- Julien, S., et al. 2001. Expression of sialyl-Tn antigen in breast cancer cells transfected with the human CMP-Neu5Ac: GalNAc α2,6-sialyltransferase (ST6GalNac I) cDNA. Glycoconj. J. 18: 883-893.
- Yukitake, H., et al. 2002. AMAP-1, a novel testis-specific AMY-1-binding protein, is differentially expressed during the course of spermatogenesis. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1577: 126-132.
- 5. Donadio, S., et al. 2003. Recognition of cell surface acceptors by two human α -2,6-sialyltransferases produced in CHO cells. Biochimie 85: 311-321.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Mycbpap (mouse) mapping to 11 D.

PRODUCT

AMAP-1 siRNA (m) is a pool of 2 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see AMAP-1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-141038-SH and AMAP-1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-141038-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of AMAP-1 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-141038A and sc-141038B.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

AMAP-1 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of AMAP-1 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

AMAP-1 (G-9): sc-390415 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of AMAP-1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor AMAP-1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: AMAP-1 (m)-PR: sc-141038-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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