# ATMIN siRNA (m): sc-141330



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

ATMIN (ATM/ATR-substrate Chk2-interacting Zn²+-finger protein) is a DNA damage response protein. It functions as a scaffold protein in the lesion-specific Rad51 focus forming pathway. In response to DNA methylating agents and persistent single stranded DNA gaps, ATMIN forms Rad51-containing foci for DNA repair. The ATMIN foci are MLH1-dependent. ATMIN is similar in structure and function to Mdt1. It consists of an N-terminal nucleic acid binding domain, a nuclear localization signal and a C-terminal SQ/TQ cluster domain (SCD). ATMIN interacts with the Forkhead-associated (FHA) domain of Chk2 via its SCD and may be a substrate for ATM/ATR kinase. A lack in functional ATMIN results in impaired Rad51 focus formation and leads to increased DNA damage-induced apoptosis.

# **REFERENCES**

- Ishikawa, K., Nagase, T., Nakajima, D., Seki, N., Ohira, M., Miyajima, N., Tanaka, A., Kotani, H., Nomura, N. and Ohara, O. 1998. Prediction of the coding sequences of unidentified human genes. VIII. 78 new cDNA clones from brain which code for large proteins *in vitro*. DNA Res. 4: 307-313.
- Pike, B.L., Yongkiettrakul, S., Tsai, M.D. and Heierhorst, J. 2004. Mdt, a novel Rad53 FHA1 domain-interacting protein, modulates DNA damage tolerance and G<sub>2</sub>/M cell cycle progression in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. Mol. Cell. Biol. 24: 2779-2788.
- 3. Traven, A. and Heierhorst, J. 2005. SQ/TQ cluster domains: concentrated ATM/ATR kinase phosphorylation site regions in DNA-damage-response proteins. Bioessays 27: 397-407.
- McNees, C.J., Conlan, L.A., Tenis, N. and Heierhorst, J. 2005. ASCIZ regulates lesion-specific Rad51 focus formation and apoptosis after methylating DNA damage. EMBO J. 24: 2447-2457.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Atmin (mouse) mapping to 8 E1.

# **PRODUCT**

ATMIN siRNA (m) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see ATMIN shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-141330-SH and ATMIN shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-141330-V as alternate gene silencing products.

### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

ATMIN siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of ATMIN expression in mouse cells.

## **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

ATMIN (E-12): sc-373833 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of ATMIN gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

# **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor ATMIN gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: ATMIN (m)-PR: sc-141330-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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