

CaBP1 siRNA (m): sc-141961

BACKGROUND

The calcium binding protein (CaBP) family shares much similarity to calmodulin. It has been shown that CaBP proteins can substitute functionally for, and probably augment the function of, calmodulin. Calcium binding proteins are a crucial part of calcium mediated cellular signal transduction in the central nervous system. There are several members of the family with varying expression patterns. CaBP1 and CaBP2 can be expressed as multiple, alternatively spliced variants in brain and retina. CaBP3, CaBP4 and CaBP5 are restricted to retinal rod and cone cells.

REFERENCES

1. Peter, F., Nguyen Van, P. and Söling, H.D. 1992. Different sorting of Lys-Asp-Glu-Leu proteins in rat liver. *J. Biol. Chem.* 267: 10631-10637.
2. Janson, I.M., Ek, B. and Ek, P. 1997. Phosphorylation of CaBP1 and CaBP2 by protein kinase CK2. *J. Biochem.* 121: 112-117.
3. Haeseleer, F., Sokal, I., Verlinde, C.L., Erdjument-Bromage, H., Tempst, P., Pronin, A.N., Benovic, J.L., Fariss, R.N. and Palczewski, K. 2000. Five members of a novel Ca^{2+} -binding protein (CABP) subfamily with similarity to calmodulin. *J. Biol. Chem.* 275: 1247-1260.
4. Kramer, B., Ferrari, D.M., Klappa, P., Pöhlmann, N. and Söling, H.D. 2001. Functional roles and efficiencies of the thioredoxin boxes of calcium-binding proteins 1 and 2 in protein folding. *Biochem. J.* 357: 83-95.
5. Haeseleer, F., Imanishi, Y., Maeda, T., Possin, D.E., Maeda, A., Lee, A., Rieke, F. and Palczewski, K. 2004. Essential role of Ca^{2+} -binding protein 4, a Cav1.4 channel regulator, in photoreceptor synaptic function. *Nat. Neurosci.* 7: 1079-1087.
6. Rieke, F., Lee, A. and Haeseleer, F. 2008. Characterization of Ca^{2+} -binding protein 5 knockout mouse retina. *Invest. Ophthalmol. Vis. Sci.* 49: 5126-5135.
7. SWISS-PROT/TrEMBL (P57796). World Wide Web URL: <http://www.expasy.ch/sprot/sprot-top.html>
8. <http://harvester.embl.de/harvester/Q9NZ/Q9NZU7.htm>

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: *Cabp1* (mouse) mapping to 5 F.

PRODUCT

CaBP1 siRNA (m) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see CaBP1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-141961-SH and CaBP1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-141961-V as alternate gene silencing products.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

CaBP1 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of CaBP1 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

CaBP1 (A-4): sc-365522 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of CaBP1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG λ BP-HRP: sc-516132 or m-IgG λ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516132-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG λ BP-FITC: sc-516185 or m-IgG λ BP-PE: sc-516186 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor CaBP1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: CaBP1 (m)-PR: sc-141961-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.