

# CaBP2 siRNA (m): sc-141962

## BACKGROUND

The calcium binding protein (CaBP) family shares much similarity to calmodulin. It has been shown that CaBP proteins can substitute functionally for, and probably augment the function of, calmodulin. Calcium binding proteins are a crucial part of calcium mediated cellular signal transduction in the central nervous system. There are several members of the family with varying expression patterns. CaBP1 and CaBP2 can be expressed as multiple, alternatively spliced variants in brain and retina. CaBP3, CaBP4 and CaBP5 are restricted to retinal rod and cone cells.

## REFERENCES

1. Rupp, K., et al. 1994. Effects of CaBP2, the rat analog of Erp72, and of CaBP1 on the refolding of denatured reduced proteins. Comparison with protein disulfide isomerase. *J. Biol. Chem.* 269: 2501-2507.
2. Lundstrom-Ljung, J., et al. 1995. Two resident ER-proteins, CaBP1 and CaBP2, with thioredoxin domains, are substrates for thioredoxin reductase: comparison with protein disulfide isomerase. *FEBS Lett.* 357: 305-308.
3. Janson, I.M., et al. 1997. Phosphorylation of CaBP1 and CaBP2 by protein kinase CK2. *J. Biochem.* 121: 112-117.
4. Haeseleer, F., et al. 2000. Five members of a novel  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ -binding protein (CABP) subfamily with similarity to calmodulin. *J. Biol. Chem.* 275: 1247-1260.
5. Kramer, B., et al. 2001. Functional roles and efficiencies of the thioredoxin boxes of calcium-binding proteins 1 and 2 in protein folding. *Biochem. J.* 357: 83-95.
6. SWISS-PROT/TrEMBL (Q9NZU7). World Wide Web URL: <http://www.expasy.ch/sprot/sprot-top.html>

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Cabp2 (mouse) mapping to 19 A.

## PRODUCT

CaBP2 siRNA (m) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu\text{M}$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see CaBP2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-141962-SH and CaBP2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-141962-V as alternate gene silencing products.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$ , avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu\text{l}$  of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu\text{l}$  of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu\text{M}$  solution in a 10  $\mu\text{M}$  Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

CaBP2 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of CaBP2 expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu\text{M}$  in 66  $\mu\text{l}$ . Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor CaBP2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: CaBP2 (m)-PR: sc-141962-PR (20  $\mu\text{l}$ ). Annealing temperature for the primers should be  $55-60^{\circ}\text{C}$  and the extension temperature should be  $68-72^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.