CASKIN2 siRNA (m): sc-142021



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

CASKIN2 (CASK interacting protein 2), also known as ANKS5B, is a 1,202 amino acid protein that localizes to the cytoplasm and contains one SH3 domain, two SAM domains and six ANK repeats. Expressed ubiquitously with highest levels present in fetal and adult liver tissue, CASKIN2 interacts with CASK and is thought to play a role in CASK function, specifically by coupling CASK to distinct downstream effectors. The gene encoding CASKIN2 maps to human chromosome 17, which comprises over 2.5% of the human genome and encodes over 1,200 genes. Two key tumor suppressor genes are associated with chromosome 17, namely, p53 and BRCA1. Tumor suppressor p53 is necessary for maintenance of cellular genetic integrity by moderating cell fate through DNA repair versus cell death. Malfunction or loss of p53 expression is associated with malignant cell growth and Li-Fraumeni syndrome. Like p53, BRCA1 is directly involved in DNA repair, though specifically it is recognized as a genetic determinant of early onset breast cancer and predisposition to cancers of the ovary, colon, prostate gland and fallopian tubes.

REFERENCES

- 1. Tabuchi, K., et al. 2002. CASK participates in alternative tripartite complexes in which Mint 1 competes for binding with caskin 1, a novel CASK-binding protein. J. Neurosci. 22: 4264-4273.
- 2. Nusbaum, R., et al. 2006. Susceptibility to breast cancer: hereditary syndromes and low penetrance genes. Breast Dis. 27: 21-50.
- 3. Ropolo, A., et al. 2007. The pancreatitis-induced vacuole membrane protein 1 triggers autophagy in mammalian cells. J. Biol. Chem. 282: 37124-37133.
- 4. Tai, Y.C., et al. 2007. Breast cancer risk among male BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers. J. Natl. Cancer Inst. 99: 1811-1814.
- Yan, J., et al. 2007. BLIMP1 regulates cell growth through repression of p53 transcription. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 104: 1841-1846.
- Sauermann, M., et al. 2008. Reduced expression of vacuole membrane protein 1 affects the invasion capacity of tumor cells. Oncogene 27: 1320-1326.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Caskin2 (mouse) mapping to 11 E2.

PRODUCT

CASKIN2 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see CASKIN2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-142021-SH and CASKIN2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-142021-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of CASKIN2 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-142021A, sc-142021B and sc-142021C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

CASKIN2 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of CASKIN2 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

CASKIN2 (H-7): sc-393825 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of CASKIN2 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz $^{\infty}$ Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz $^{\infty}$ Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz $^{\infty}$ Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor CASKIN2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: CASKIN2 (m)-PR: sc-142021-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.