

CLEC-9A siRNA (m): sc-142390

BACKGROUND

The C-type lectin/C-type lectin-like domain (CTL/CTLD) superfamily consists of a variety of proteins that share a common protein fold and have diverse functions, including cell-cell signaling, cell adhesion, glycoprotein turnover and immune responses. CLEC-9A (C-type lectin domain family 9 member A), also known as DNGR1 (dendritic cell natural killer lectin group receptor 1), is a 241 amino acid single-pass type II membrane protein that contains one C-type lectin domain and belongs to the CTL/CTLD superfamily. Expressed in myeloid lineage cells, brain, spleen and thymus, CLEC-9A is a group V C-type lectin-like receptor (CTLR) that acts as an activation receptor. The gene encoding CLEC-9A maps to human chromosome 12p13.2 and mouse chromosome 6 F3.

REFERENCES

1. Drickamer, K. 1999. C-type lectin-like domains. *Curr. Opin. Struct. Biol.* 9: 585-590.
2. Arce, I., et al. 2001. Molecular and genomic characterization of human DLEC, a novel member of the C-type lectin receptor gene family preferentially expressed on monocyte-derived dendritic cells. *Eur. J. Immunol.* 31: 2733-2740.
3. Ebner, S., et al. 2003. Evolutionary analysis reveals collective properties and specificity in the C-type lectin and lectin-like domain superfamily. *Proteins* 53: 44-55.
4. McMahon, S.A., et al. 2005. The C-type lectin fold as an evolutionary solution for massive sequence variation. *Nat. Struct. Mol. Biol.* 12: 886-892.
5. Gijzen, K., et al. 2006. C-type lectins on dendritic cells and their interaction with pathogen-derived and endogenous glycoconjugates. *Curr. Protein Pept. Sci.* 7: 283-294.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Clec9a (mouse) mapping to 6 F3.

PRODUCT

CLEC-9A siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see CLEC-9A shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-142390-SH and CLEC-9A shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-142390-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of CLEC-9A (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-142390A, sc-142390B and sc-142390C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

CLEC-9A siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of CLEC-9A expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor CLEC-9A gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: CLEC-9A (m)-PR: sc-142390-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.