

# CLN5 siRNA (m): sc-142399

## BACKGROUND

Neuronal ceroid-lipofuscinosis (NCL), also designated Batten disease, comprises a group of recessively inherited, progressive neurodegenerative diseases found in children. NCL is characterized by atrophy of the brain and an accumulation of lysosome derived fluorescent bodies found in many cells, especially neurons. Symptoms of NCL include a failure of psychomotor development, seizures, impaired vision and premature death. The eight genes/proteins associated with NCL are designated CLN1-CLN8. Mutations in six of these genes results in a distinct type of NCL-disease; the six genes/proteins are CLN1 (encoding PPT1, a protein thiolesterase), CLN2 (encoding the serine protease TPP1), CLN3, CLN5, CLN6 and CLN8. A single base duplication mutation in dog and cow CLN5 has been shown to cause NCL.

## REFERENCES

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2. Wisniewski, K.E., et al. 2000. Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinoses: research update. *Neurol. Sci.* 21: S49-56.
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4. Heinonen, O., et al. 2000. CLN1 and CLN5, genes for infantile and variant late infantile neuronal ceroid lipofuscinoses, are expressed in the embryonic human brain. *J. Comp. Neurol.* 426: 406-412.
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## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Cln5 (mouse) mapping to 14 E2.3.

## PRODUCT

CLN5 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see CLN5 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-142399-SH and CLN5 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-142399-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of CLN5 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-142399A, sc-142399B and sc-142399C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

CLN5 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of CLN5 expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor CLN5 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: CLN5 (m)-PR: sc-142399-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.