

# Complexin-4 siRNA (m): sc-142491

## BACKGROUND

Members of the Complexin protein family promote SNARE (soluble N-ethylmaleimide-sensitive factor attachment protein receptors) precomplex formation by binding to Syntaxin via an  $\alpha$ -helical domain. Complexins are important regulators of transmitter release at a late step in calcium-dependent neurotransmitter release or immediately after the calcium-triggering step of fast synchronous transmitter release. Neurons lacking Complexins show reduced transmitter release efficiency due to decreased calcium sensitivity of the synaptic secretion process. Complexin-4 is a 160 amino acid protein that weakly binds to the SNARE complex containing VAMP-2, Syntaxin 1 and SNAP 25. Complexin-4 may also be post-translationally modified with the addition of a farnesyl group, which mediates presynaptic targeting.

## REFERENCES

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## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Cplx4 (mouse) mapping to 18 E1.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.

## PRODUCT

Complexin-4 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Complexin-4 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-142491-SH and Complexin-4 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-142491-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Complexin-4 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-142491A, sc-142491B and sc-142491C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at  $-20^{\circ}$  C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at  $-20^{\circ}$  C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

Complexin-4 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Complexin-4 expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Complexin-4 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Complexin-4 (m)-PR: sc-142491-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60 $^{\circ}$  C and the extension temperature should be 68-72 $^{\circ}$  C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.