



copine 5 siRNA (m): sc-142506

BACKGROUND

Copine 5, also known as CPNE5 or CPN5, is a 593 amino acid calcium-dependent membrane-binding protein that contains two N-terminal C2 domains and one VWFA domain. Expressed as multiple alternatively spliced isoforms, copine 5 is thought to play a role in membrane trafficking, specifically exhibiting calcium-dependent phospholipid binding properties. The gene encoding copine 5 maps to human chromosome 6, which contains 170 million base pairs and comprises nearly 6% of the human genome. Deletion of a portion of the q arm of chromosome 6 is associated with early onset intestinal cancer, suggesting the presence of a cancer susceptibility locus. Additionally, Porphyria cutanea tarda, Parkinson's disease, Stickler syndrome and a susceptibility to bipolar disorder are all associated with genes that map to chromosome 6.

REFERENCES

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2. Creutz, C.E., Tomsig, J.L., Snyder, S.L., Gautier, M.C., Skouri, F., Beisson, J. and Cohen, J. 1998. The copines, a novel class of C2 domain-containing, calcium-dependent, phospholipid-binding proteins conserved from *Paramecium* to humans. *J. Biol. Chem.* 273: 1393-1402.
3. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 1999. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 604209. World Wide Web URL: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/>
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Cpne5 (mouse) mapping to 17 A3.3.

PRODUCT

copine 5 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see copine 5 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-142506-SH and copine 5 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-142506-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of copine 5 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-142506A, sc-142506B and sc-142506C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

copine 5 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of copine 5 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor copine 5 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: copine 5 (m)-PR: sc-142506-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.