SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

DNAH17 siRNA (m): sc-143077

BACKGROUND

Dyneins are multisubunit, high molecular weight ATPases that interact with microtubules to generate force by converting the chemical energy of ATP into the mechanical energy of movement. Cytoplasmic or axonemal dynein heavy, intermediate, light and light-intermediate chains are all components of minus end-directed motors; the complex transports cellular cargos towards the central region of the cell. Axonemal dynein motors contain one to three non-identical heavy chains and cause a sliding of microtubules in the axonemes of cilia and flagella in a mechanism necessary for cilia to beat and propel the cell. DNAH17 (dynein, axonemal, heavy chain 17), also known as DNEL2, DNAHL1 or FLJ40457, is a 4,485 amino acid member of the dynein heavy chain protein family. Expressed in testis, DNAH17 contains 13 LRR repeats and 3 TPR repeats. DNAH17 is a force generating protein of respiratory cilia, and is thought to be involved in sperm motility through sperm flagellar assembly.

REFERENCES

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4. Fliegauf, M., Olbrich, H., Horvath, J., Wildhaber, J.H., Zariwala, M.A., Kennedy, M., Knowles, M.R. and Omran, H. 2005. Mislocalization of DNAH5 and DNAH9 in respiratory cells from patients with primary ciliary dyskinesia. Am. J. Respir. Crit. Care Med. 171: 1343-1349.
5. Seetharam, R.N. and Satir, P. 2005. High speed sliding of axonemal microtubules produced by outer arm dynein. Cell Motil. Cytoskeleton 60: 96-103.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Dnah17 (mouse) mapping to 11 E2.

PRODUCT

DNAH17 siRNA (m) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 µM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see DNAH17 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-143077-SH and DNAH17 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-143077-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 µl of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 µl of RNAse-free water makes a 10 µM solution in a 10 µM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

DNAH17 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of DNAH17 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor DNAH17 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: DNAH17 (m)-PR: sc-143077-PR (20 µl). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.