

GXYLT2 siRNA (m): sc-145439

BACKGROUND

GXYLT2 (glucoside xylosyltransferase 2), also known as GLT8D4 (glycosyltransferase 8 domain-containing protein 4), is a 443 amino acid single-pass type II membrane protein belonging to the glycosyltransferase 8 family. A xylosyltransferase, GXYLT2 transfers xylose to the O-glucose-modified residues of Notch 1's epidermal growth factor (EGF) repeats. The gene encoding GXYLT2 maps to human chromosome 3, which houses over 1,100 genes, including a chemokine receptor (CKR) gene cluster and a variety of human cancer-related gene loci. Key tumor suppressing genes on chromosome 3 include those that encode the apoptosis mediator RASSF1, the cell migration regulator HYAL1 and the angiogenesis suppressor SEMA3B. Marfan syndrome, porphyria, von Hippel-Lindau syndrome, osteogenesis imperfecta and Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease are a few of the numerous genetic diseases associated with chromosome 3.

REFERENCES

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3. Pfeifer, G.P., et al. 2005. Methylation of the tumor suppressor gene RASSF1A in human tumors. *Biochemistry Mosc.* 70: 576-583.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Gxylt2 (mouse) mapping to 6 D3.

PRODUCT

GXYLT2 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see GXYLT2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-145439-SH and GXYLT2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-145439-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of GXYLT2 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-145439A, sc-145439B and sc-145439C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

GXYLT2 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of GXYLT2 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor GXYLT2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: GXYLT2 (m)-PR: sc-145439-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.