# Glut9 siRNA (m): sc-145451



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

Glucose serves as the major energy substrate of mammalian cells and is fundamental to metabolism. Glucose passage across cell membranes is mediated by a family of transporters termed glucose transporters or Gluts which are characterized by the presence of 12 membrane-spanning helices. Facilitated glucose transport is the rate-limiting step in glucose metabolism. The Glut family is divided into three subfamilies: class I (previously known as glucose transporters), which includes Glut1, Glut2, Glut3 and Glut4; class II (previously known as fructose transporters), which includes Glut5, Glut7, Glut9 and Glut11; class III, which includes Glut6, Glut8, Glut10, Glut12 and the myo-inositol transporter HMIT1). Glut9, also known as SLCA9 is expressed in liver and kidney and at lower levels in placenta, lung, peripheral blood leukocytes, heart and skeletal muscle. Glut9 is associated with medullary thyroid carcinomas and pheochromocytomas. The gene encoding human Glut9 maps to chromosome 4p16.1.

# **REFERENCES**

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## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Slc2a9 (mouse) mapping to 5 B3.

#### **PRODUCT**

Glut9 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Glut9 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-145451-SH and Glut9 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-145451-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Glut9 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-145451A, sc-145451B and sc-145451C.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## **APPLICATIONS**

Glut9 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Glut9 expression in mouse cells.

#### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Glut9 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Glut9 (m)-PR: sc-145451-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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