

Keratin 84 siRNA (m): sc-146431

BACKGROUND

The Keratin multigene family is made of "soft" epithelial cytokeratins and "hard" hair Keratins. While the epithelial cytokeratins are involved in the layering and formation of epithelia, the hair Keratins are responsible for creating nails and hair. There are two types of Keratins: the acidic class I Keratin proteins and the basic/neutral class II Keratin proteins. Keratin 84, also known as KRT84, HB4 or KRTHB4, is a 600 amino acid protein that is expressed in hair follicles. Keratin 84 is a basic/neutral type II Keratin protein which heterodimerizes with type I Keratins to create hair and nails. The gene encoding Keratin 84 maps to human chromosome 12q13.13 which encodes over 1,100 genes and comprises approximately 4.5% of the human genome. Chromosome 12 is associated with a variety of diseases and afflictions, including hypochondrogenesis, achondrogenesis and Kniest dysplasia.

REFERENCES

1. Rogers, M.A., Langbein, L., Praetzel, S., Moll, I., Krieg, T., Winter, H. and Schweizer, J. 1997. Sequences and differential expression of three novel human type-II hair keratins. *Differentiation* 61: 187-194.
2. Delgado Carrasco, J., Casanova Morcillo, A., Zabalza Alvillos, M. and Ayala Garces, A. 2001. Achondrogenesis type II-hypochondrogenesis: radiological features. Case report. *An. Esp. Pediatr.* 55: 553-557.
3. Langbein, L., Rogers, M.A., Praetzel, S., Aoki, N., Winter, H. and Schweizer, J. 2002. A novel epithelial keratin, hK6irs1, is expressed differentially in all layers of the inner root sheath, including specialized huxley cells (Flügelzellen) of the human hair follicle. *J. Invest. Dermatol.* 118: 789-799.
4. Yokoyama, T., Nakatani, S. and Murakami, A. 2003. A case of Kniest dysplasia with retinal detachment and the mutation analysis. *Am. J. Ophthalmol.* 136: 1186-1188.
5. Langbein, L., Rogers, M.A., Praetzel, S., Winter, H. and Schweizer, J. 2003. K6irs1, K6irs2, K6irs3, and K6irs4 represent the inner-root-sheath-specific type II epithelial keratins of the human hair follicle. *J. Invest. Dermatol.* 120: 512-522.
6. Rogers, M.A., Edler, L., Winter, H., Langbein, L., Beckmann, I. and Schweizer, J. 2005. Characterization of new members of the human type II keratin gene family and a general evaluation of the keratin gene domain on chromosome 12q13.13. *J. Invest. Dermatol.* 124: 536-544.
7. Schweizer, J., Bowden, P.E., Coulombe, P.A., Langbein, L., Lane, E.B., Magin, T.M., Maltais, L., Omary, M.B., Parry, D.A., Rogers, M.A. and Wright, M.W. 2006. New consensus nomenclature for mammalian keratins. *J. Cell Biol.* 174: 169-174.
8. Burkard, T.R., Planyavsky, M., Kaupe, I., Breitwieser, F.P., Bürckstümmer, T., Bennett, K.L., Superti-Furga, G. and Colinge, J. 2011. Initial characterization of the human central proteome. *BMC Syst. Biol.* 5: 17.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Krt84 (mouse) mapping to 15 F2.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PRODUCT

Keratin 84 siRNA (m) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Keratin 84 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-146431-SH and Keratin 84 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-146431-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Keratin 84 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Keratin 84 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Keratin 84 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Keratin 84 (m)-PR: sc-146431-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.