KLHL21 siRNA (m): sc-146521



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

KLHL21 (Kelch-like protein 21) is a 597 amino acid protein that localizes to the cytoplasm, cytoskeleton and spindle midzone. Functioning as a substrate-specific adapter of BCR E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex which is required for efficient chromosome alignment and cytokinesis, KLHL21 contains one BACK (BTB/Kelch associated) domain, one BTB (POZ) domain and six Kelch repeats. The gene that encodes KLHL21 maps to human chromosome 1p36.31, which spans 260 million base pairs, contains over 3,000 genes and comprises nearly 8% of the human genome. Chromosome 1 houses a large number of disease-associated genes, including those that are involved in familial adenomatous polyposis, Stickler syndrome, Parkinson's disease, Gaucher disease, schizophrenia and Usher syndrome. Aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers, including head and neck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma. KLHL21 exists as two alternatively spliced isoforms.

REFERENCES

- 1. Dobbie, Z., Heinimann, K., Bishop, D.T., Müller, H. and Scott, R.J. 1997. Identification of a modifier gene locus on chromosome 1p35-36 in familial adenomatous polyposis. Hum. Genet. 99: 653-657.
- 2. Eudy, J.D., Yao, S., Weston, M.D., Ma-Edmonds, M., Talmadge, C.B., Cheng, J.J., Kimberling, W.J. and Sumegi, J. 1998. Isolation of a gene encoding a novel member of the nuclear receptor superfamily from the critical region of Usher syndrome type Ila at 1q41. Genomics 50: 382-384.
- Eudy, J.D., Weston, M.D., Yao, S., Hoover, D.M., Rehm, H.L., Ma-Edmonds, M., Yan, D., Ahmad, I., Cheng, J.J., Ayuso, C., Cremers, C., Davenport, S., Moller, C., Talmadge, C.B., Beisel, K.W., Tamayo, M., et al. 1998. Mutation of a gene encoding a protein with extracellular matrix motifs in Usher syndrome type Ila. Science 280: 1753-1757.
- 4. Lau, E.K., Tayebi, N., Ingraham, L.J., Winfield, S.L., Koprivica, V., Stone, D.L., Zimran, A., Ginns, E.I. and Sidransky, E. 1999. Two novel polymorphic sequences in the glucocerebrosidase gene region enhance mutational screening and founder effect studies of patients with Gaucher disease. Hum. Genet. 104: 293-300.
- 5. Bowling, E.L., Brown, M.D. and Trundle, T.V. 2000. The Stickler syndrome: case reports and literature review. Optometry 71: 177-182.
- Tayebi, N., Callahan, M., Madike, V., Stubblefield, B.K., Orvisky, E., Krasnewich, D., Fillano, J.J. and Sidransky, E. 2001. Gaucher disease and parkinsonism: a phenotypic and genotypic characterization. Mol. Genet. Metab. 73: 313-321.
- Furukawa, M., He, Y.J., Borchers, C. and Xiong, Y. 2003. Targeting of protein ubiquitination by BTB-Cullin 3-Roc1 ubiquitin ligases. Nat. Cell Biol. 5: 1001-1007.
- 8. Plasilova, M., Russell, A.M., Wanner, A., Wolf, A., Dobbie, Z., Müller, H.J. and Heinimann, K. 2004. Exclusion of an extracolonic disease modifier locus on chromosome 1p33-36 in a large Swiss familial adenomatous polyposis kindred. Eur. J. Hum. Genet. 12: 365-371.
- Betarbet, R., Anderson, L.R., Gearing, M., Hodges, T.R., Fritz, J.J., Lah, J.J. and Levey, A.I. 2008. Fas-associated factor 1 and Parkinson's disease. Neurobiol. Dis. 31: 309-315.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: KIhl21 (mouse) mapping to 4 E2.

PRODUCT

KLHL21 siRNA (m) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see KLHL21 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-146521-SH and KLHL21 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-146521-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20 $^{\circ}$ C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

KLHL21 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of KLHL21 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor KLHL21 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: KLHL21 (m)-PR: sc-146521-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3800 fax 831.457.3801 **Europe** +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 **www.scbt.com**