

LCOR siRNA (m): sc-146685

BACKGROUND

LCOR (Ligand-dependent corepressor), also referred as MLR2, is a 433 amino acid transcriptional corepressor that contains an LXXLL motif, a nuclear localization signal and a helix-loop-helix domain. LCOR is widely expressed in fetal and adult tissues and is recruited to nuclear receptors through its LXXLL motif. LCOR interacts with several estrogen receptors, such as ER α and ER β in the presence of estradiol. Additionally, LCOR acts as a molecular scaffold, functioning to recruit proteins involved in transcriptional repression to the DNA. LCOR activity is inhibited in a receptor-dependent fashion by the HDAC (histone deacetylase) inhibitor trichostatin A, suggesting HDAC-dependent mode of action. LCOR functions in a negative feedback loop to reduce hormone-induced transactivation.

REFERENCES

1. Jenster, G. 1998. Coactivators and corepressors as mediators of nuclear receptor function: an update. *Mol. Cell. Endocrinol.* 143: 1-7.
2. Fernandes, I., et al. 2003. Agonist-bound nuclear receptors: not just targets of coactivators. *J. Mol. Endocrinol.* 31: 1-7.
3. Fernandes, I., et al. 2003. Ligand-dependent nuclear receptor corepressor LCoR functions by histone deacetylase-dependent and -independent mechanisms. *Mol. Cell* 11: 139-150.
4. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM[™]. 2003. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 607698. World Wide Web URL: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/>
5. Privalsky, M.L. 2004. The role of corepressors in transcriptional regulation by nuclear hormone receptors. *Annu. Rev. Physiol.* 66: 315-360.
6. White, J.H., et al. 2004. Corepressor recruitment by agonist-bound nuclear receptors. *Vitam. Horm.* 68: 123-143.
7. SWISS-PROT/TrEMBL (Q96JN0). World Wide Web URL: <http://www.expasy.ch/sprot/sprot-top.html>

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Lcor (mouse) mapping to 19 C3.

PRODUCT

LCOR siRNA (m) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see LCOR shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-146685-SH and LCOR shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-146685-V as alternate gene silencing products.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

LCOR siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of LCOR expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

LCOR (C-6): sc-377019 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of LCOR gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor LCOR gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: LCOR (m)-PR: sc-146685-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.