

METT10D siRNA (m): sc-149379

BACKGROUND

METT10D (methyltransferase 10 domain containing), also known as METTL16 (methyltransferase-like protein 16) is a 562 amino acid protein that belongs to the METTL16/rImF family and methyltransferase superfamily. A putative methyltransferase, METT10D exists as two alternatively spliced isoforms and undergoes phosphorylation in response to DNA damage, most likely by Atm or ATR. The gene encoding METT10D maps to human chromosome 17, which comprises over 2.5% of the human genome and encodes over 1,200 genes. Two key tumor suppressor genes are associated with chromosome 17, namely, p53 and BRCA1. Malfunction or loss of p53 expression is associated with malignant cell growth and Li-Fraumeni syndrome. Like p53, BRCA1 is directly involved in DNA repair, and is linked to predisposition of cancers of the ovary, colon, prostate gland and fallopian tubes.

REFERENCES

1. Hall, J.M., Friedman, L., Guenther, C., Lee, M.K., Weber, J.L., Black, D.M. and King, M.C. 1992. Closing in on a breast cancer gene on chromosome 17q. *Am. J. Hum. Genet.* 50: 1235-1242.
2. Evans, S.C. and Lozano, G. 1997. The Li-Fraumeni syndrome: an inherited susceptibility to cancer. *Mol. Med. Today.* 3: 390-395.
3. Varley, J.M., Thorncroft, M., McGown, G., Appleby, J., Kelsey, A.M., Tricker, K.J., Evans, D.G. and Birch, J.M. 1997. A detailed study of loss of heterozygosity on chromosome 17 in tumours from Li-Fraumeni patients carrying a mutation to the TP53 gene. *Oncogene* 14: 865-871.
4. Kersemaekers, A.M., Hermans, J., Fleuren, G.J. and van de Vijver, M.J. 1998. Loss of heterozygosity for defined regions on chromosomes 3, 11 and 17 in carcinomas of the uterine cervix. *Br. J. Cancer* 77: 192-200.
5. Soussi, T., Dehouche, K. and Beroud, C. 2000. p53 website and analysis of p53 gene mutations in human cancer: forging a link between epidemiology and carcinogenesis. *Hum. Mutat.* 15: 105-113.
6. Piura, B., Rabinovich, A. and Yanai-Inbar, I. 2001. Three primary malignancies related to BRCA mutation successively occurring in a BRCA1 185delAG mutation carrier. *Eur. J. Obstet. Gynecol. Reprod. Biol.* 97: 241-244.
7. Zody, M.C., Garber, M., Adams, D.J., Sharpe, T., Harrow, J., Lupski, J.R., Nicholson, C., Searle, S.M., Wilming, L., Young, S.K., Abouelleil, A., Allen, N.R., Bi, W., Bloom, T., Borowsky, M.L., Bugalter, B.E., Butler, J., et al. 2006. DNA sequence of human chromosome 17 and analysis of rearrangement in the human lineage. *Nature* 440: 1045-1049.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Mettl16 (mouse) mapping to 11 B5.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

METT10D siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see METT10D shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-149379-SH and METT10D shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-149379-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of METT10D (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-149379A, sc-149379B and sc-149379C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

METT10D siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of METT10D expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor METT10D gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: METT10D (m)-PR: sc-149379-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.