

MRTF-A siRNA (m): sc-149641

BACKGROUND

Serum response factor (SRF) is a transcription factor that binds the serum response element (SRE), a sequence that mediates the transient response of many cellular genes to growth stimulation. SRF regulates the transient response of several muscle genes in response to growth factors and recruits accessory myogenic factors to activate these muscle genes. SRF is required for the formation of vertebrate mesoderm leading to the origin of the cardiovascular system. Myocardin, in association with SRF in cardiac muscle cells, activates cardiac muscle promoters. Myocardin-related transcription factor A (MRTF-A), also known as MKL1, interacts with SRF and stimulates its transcriptional activity.

REFERENCES

1. Norman, C., et al. 1988. Isolation and properties of cDNA clones encoding SRF, a transcription factor that binds to the c-Fos serum response element. *Cell* 55: 989-1003.
2. Treisman, R. 1990. The SRE: a growth factor responsive transcriptional regulator. *Semin. Cancer Biol.* 1: 47-58.
3. Hill, C.S., et al. 1993. Functional analysis of a growth factor-responsive transcription factor complex. *Cell* 73: 395-406.
4. Wang, D.Z., et al. 2002. Potentiation of serum response factor activity by a family of Myocardin-related transcription factors. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 99: 14855-14860.
5. Lockman, K., et al. 2004. Sphingosine 1-phosphate stimulates smooth muscle cell differentiation and proliferation by activating separate serum response factor co-factors. *J. Biol. Chem.* 279: 42422-42430.
6. Zhang, S.X., et al. 2005. Identification of direct serum response factor gene targets during DMSO induced P19 cardiac cell differentiation. *J. Biol. Chem.* 280: 19115-19126.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MKL1 (mouse) mapping to 15 E1.

PRODUCT

MRTF-A siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see MRTF-A shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-149641-SH and MRTF-A shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-149641-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of MRTF-A (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-149641A, sc-149641B and sc-149641C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCL, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

MRTF-A siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of MRTF-A expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

MRTF-A (G-7): sc-398675 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of MRTF-A gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor MRTF-A gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: MRTF-A (m)-PR: sc-149641-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.