

NOP17 siRNA (m): sc-150031

BACKGROUND

NOP17 (nucleolar protein 17), also known as PIH1D1, is a phylogenetically conserved protein essential for efficient processing of pre-rRNA through its association with a class of small nucleolar RNAs (snoRNAs) during ribosomal biogenesis. SnoRNAs are associated in ribonucleoprotein particles localized to the nucleolus. NOP17 is a 290 amino acid unstable protein that is stabilized through an interaction with HSP 90 α / β . NOP17 interacts with a core box C/D snoRNP protein Nop58, indicating a function of NOP17 in mediating the nucleolar retention or proper assembly of the box C/D snoRNP. A mutation in NOP17 gene may lead to a temperature-sensitive phenotype along with delocalization of key NOP proteins that are essential for snoRNP assembly.

REFERENCES

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6. McKeegan, K.S., et al. 2007. A dynamic scaffold of pre-snoRNP factors facilitates human box C/D snoRNP assembly. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 27: 6782-6793.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Pih1d1 (mouse) mapping to 7 B4.

PRODUCT

NOP17 siRNA (m) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see NOP17 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-150031-SH and NOP17 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-150031-V as alternate gene silencing products.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

NOP17 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of NOP17 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

NOP17 (C-9): sc-390810 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of NOP17 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG λ BP-HRP: sc-516132 or m-IgG λ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516132-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG λ BP-FITC: sc-516185 or m-IgG λ BP-PE: sc-516186 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor NOP17 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: NOP17 (m)-PR: sc-150031-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.