OAT1 siRNA (m): sc-150149



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The organic anion transporter (OAT) family of proteins mediate the secretion of exogenous and endogenous metabolites from tissues throughout the body. OAT1 (organic anion transporter 1), a 563 amino acid protein, and OAT3 (organic anion transporter 3), a 542 amino acid protein, are two members of the OAT family and are highly expressed in kidneys. Localized specifically to the basolateral membrane, OAT1 and OAT3 are involved in the elimination of toxic organic anions, such as benzylpenicillin and cimetidine, from proximal renal tubules. Via their ability to remove anions from renal tissues, OAT1 and OAT3 are able to regulate the amount of toxins within the kidneys. Additionally, OAT1 functions as an organic anion exchanger that couples the uptake of one organic anion molecule with the efflux of one endogenous dicarboxylic acid molecule, such as ketoglutarate. Four isoforms of OAT1 and three isoforms of OAT3 are expressed due to alternative splicing events.

REFERENCES

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- 4. Sun, W., et al. 2001. Isolation of a family of organic anion transporters from human liver and kidney. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 283: 417-422.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Slc22a6 (mouse) mapping to 19 A.

PRODUCT

OAT1 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see OAT1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-150149-SH and OAT1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-150149-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of OAT1 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-150149A, sc-150149B and sc-150149C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

OAT1 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of OAT1 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor OAT1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: OAT1 (m)-PR: sc-150149-PR (20 μ I). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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