

Osbp17 siRNA (m): sc-151328

BACKGROUND

Members of the oxysterol-binding protein (OSBP) family function as intracellular lipid receptors. OSBPs are involved in lipid metabolism and signal transduction, as well as vesicle transport, and can translocate to the periphery of Golgi membranes when they are bound to oxysterols. ORPs (OSBP-related proteins) belong to a subfamily of OSBPs and consists of ORP-1 through ORP-11. The ORPs have a highly conserved OSBP-type sterol-binding region and a pleckstrin homology domain. They strongly bind to phosphatidic acid and weakly bind to phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate. ORP-7 (oxysterol-binding protein-related protein 7), also known as OSBPL7 (oxysterol binding protein-like 7), is an 842 amino acid protein that contains a C-terminal sterol-binding (SB) domain and a N-terminal pleckstrin homology (PH) domain. A member of the OSBP family, ORP-7 is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 17q21.32.

REFERENCES

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2. Lehto, M., et al. 2001. The OSBP-related protein family in humans. *J. Lipid Res.* 42: 1203-1213.
3. Annis, A.M., et al. 2002. An oxysterol-binding protein family identified in the mouse. *DNA Cell Biol.* 21: 571-580.
4. Lehto, M. and Olkkonen, V.M. 2003. The OSBP-related proteins: a novel protein family involved in vesicle transport, cellular lipid metabolism, and cell signalling. *Biochim. Biophys. Acta* 1631: 1-11.
5. Olkkonen, V.M. and Levine, T.P. 2004. Oxysterol binding proteins: in more than one place at one time? *Biochem. Cell Biol.* 82: 87-98.
6. Lehto, M., et al. 2004. Subfamily III of mammalian oxysterol-binding protein (OSBP) homologues: the expression and intracellular localization of ORP3, ORP6, and ORP7. *Cell Tissue Res.* 315: 39-57.
7. Suchanek, M., et al. 2007. The mammalian oxysterol-binding protein-related proteins (ORPs) bind 25-hydroxycholesterol in an evolutionarily conserved pocket. *Biochem. J.* 405: 473-480.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Osbp17 (mouse) mapping to 11 D.

PRODUCT

Osbp17 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Osbp17 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-151328-SH and Osbp17 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-151328-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Osbp17 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-151328A, sc-151328B and sc-151328C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Osbp17 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Osbp17 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

ORP-7 (E-2): sc-515540 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Osbp17 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Osbp17 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Osbp17 (m)-PR: sc-151328-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.