

PGRP-I α siRNA (m): sc-152195

BACKGROUND

Peptidoglycan recognition proteins (PGRPs) are molecules that recognize peptidoglycan, a large component in bacterial cell walls. In insects, PGRPs activate antimicrobial pathways, and in mammals PGRPs function as anti-bacterial neutrophil proteins. PGRP-L halts bacterial growth by acting as an alanine amidase, an enzyme that hydrolyzes the amide bond of bacterial peptidoglycan. PGRP-I α and PGRP-I β are also members of the PGRP family that help to recognize bacteria by binding to peptidoglycan and Gram-positive bacteria, but they do not have amidase activity. These two PGRPs are expressed in the esophagus and, to a lesser extent, in the tonsils and thymus. PGRP-I α and PGRP-I β are transmembrane proteins of 341 and 373 amino acids, respectively, and they have at least three highly conserved C-terminal PGRP domains either in the extracellular or in the cytoplasmic (or in both) regions.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Pglyrp3 (mouse) mapping to 3 F1.

PRODUCT

PGRP-I α siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see PGRP-I α shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-152195-SH and PGRP-I α shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-152195-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of PGRP-I α (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-152195A, sc-152195B and sc-152195C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

PGRP-I α siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of PGRP-I α expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor PGRP-I α gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: PGRP-I α (m)-PR: sc-152195-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.