

# PIG-L siRNA (m): sc-152252

## BACKGROUND

Phosphatidylinositol-glycans (PIGs) are transmembrane proteins that localize to endoplasmic reticulum (ER). PIGs are crucial for the synthesis of N-acetylglucosaminyl-phosphatidylinositol (GlcNAc-PI), a very early intermediate in glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-anchor biosynthesis. PIG proteins are components of the GPI transamidase complex and play a role in the recognition of either the GPI attachment signal or the lipid portion of GPI. PIG-L (phosphatidylinositol glycan anchor biosynthesis, class L), also known as N-acetylglucosaminyl-phosphatidylinositol de-N-acetylase, is a 252 amino acid ER single-pass membrane protein. Encoded by a gene that maps to human chromosome 17p11.2, PIG-L shares 77% identity with rat PIG-L, and both are orthologs of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* Gpi12, which results in a lethal phenotype when disrupted. Enhanced by metal ions, in particular Mn<sup>2+</sup> and Ni<sup>2+</sup>, PIG-L catalyzes the second step of GPI biosynthesis, which is the de-N-acetylation of GlcNAc-PI.

## REFERENCES

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## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Pigi (mouse) mapping to 11 B2.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PRODUCT

PIG-L siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see PIG-L shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-152252-SH and PIG-L shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-152252-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of PIG-L (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-152252A, sc-152252B and sc-152252C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

PIG-L siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of PIG-L expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor PIG-L gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: PIG-L (m)-PR: sc-152252-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.