

Tom6 siRNA (m): sc-152464

BACKGROUND

The mitochondrial preprotein translocases of the outer membrane (Tom) form a multisubunit complex that facilitates the import of nuclear-encoded precursor proteins across the mitochondrial outer membrane. The Tom machinery consists of import receptors for the initial binding of cytosolically synthesized preproteins, and a general import pore (GIP) for the membrane translocation of various preproteins into the mitochondrion. Tom6 (translocase of outer mitochondrial membrane 6 homolog (yeast)), also known as OBTP, is a 74 amino acid protein that belongs to the Tom6 family. Localizing to the mitochondrial outer membrane, Tom6 forms part of the preprotein translocase complex of the outer mitochondrial membrane (TOM complex). Tom6 is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 6p25.3 and mouse chromosome 17 C.

REFERENCES

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6. Ryan, M.T., Wagner, R. and Pfanner, N. 2000. The transport machinery for the import of preproteins across the outer mitochondrial membrane. *Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol.* 32: 13-21.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Tomm6 (mouse) mapping to 17 C.

PRODUCT

Tom6 siRNA (m) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Tom6 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-152464-SH and Tom6 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-152464-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Tom6 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Tom6 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Tom6 (E-6): sc-514967 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Tom6 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Tom6 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Tom6 (m)-PR: sc-152464-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.